

# Interim Financial Results Report for Fiscal Year 1999

The Daiwa Bank, Limited

November 22, 1999

This is an English translation of the Japanese original. Please be advised that although the English translation is prepared to mirror the Japanese original as accurately as possible, there may be some disparities due to such things as differences in nuance that are inherent to the different languages.

The Daiwa Bank, Limited 2-1, Bingomachi 2-Chome, Chuo-ku, Osaka, Japan

- 1. Financial Highlights for First Half of Fiscal Year 1999 (from April 1, 1999 to September 30, 1999)
  - <Notes> (i) Yen amounts are rounded down to the nearest million yen.
    - (ii) denotes minus.

(1) Operating Results

(1) Operating Results						
		(Change from		(Change from		(Change from
	Operating	1st Half of	Ordinary	1st Half of	Net Income	1st Half of
	Income	FY 1998)	Profits	FY 1998)		FY 1998)
	¥ million	%	¥ million	%	¥ million	%
First Half of FY 1999	298,118	( -)	19,326	( - )	17,499	( - )
First Half of FY 1998	-	( -)	-	( - )	-	( - )
FY 1998	640,298		255,218		174,859	

	Primary	Fully Diluted
	Net Income	Net Income
	per Share	per Share
	¥	¥
First Half of FY 1999	7.72	4.61
First Half of FY 1998	-	i
FY 1998	108.22	-

\*1. Net Gains on investments in non-consolidated subsidiaries and affiliates

First Half of FY 1999 :  $\mbox{$\neq$ 2,417$ million}$ First Half of FY 1998 :  $\mbox{$\neq$ ---$ million}$ FY 1998 :  $\mbox{$\neq$ 127$ million}$ 

\*2. Change in Accounting Policy: None

(2) Financial Position

	Total Assets	Stockholders' Equity	Stockholders' Equity	Stockholders' Equity	Capital Ratio	0
			to Total Assets	per Share	(BIS Standar	d)
	¥ million	¥ million	%	¥	9	6
First Half of FY 1999	15,348,249	847,122	5.5	204.67	(Provisional) 12	2.06
First Half of FY 1998	-		-	-	10	38.0
FY 1998	15,459,603	832,757	5.4	196.68	12	2.73

<sup>\*1.</sup> Net Unrealized Gains (Unrealized Gains - Unrealized Losses) on Securities as of September 30, 1999 : ¥26,560 million.

(3) Cash Flows

	Cash Flows from	Cash Flows from	Cash Flows from	Cash and Cash Equivalents
	Operating Activities	Investing Activities	Financing Activities	(Term-end Balance)
	¥ million	¥ million	¥ million	¥ million
First Half of FY 1999	26,106	15,754	10,578	411,396
First Half of FY 1998	-	-	-	-
FY 1998	-	-	-	-

(4) Scope of Consolidation and Application of Equity Method

Consolidated Subsidiaries : 59 Non-Consolidated Subsidiaries Applied Equity Method : ---

Affiliates Applied Equity Method : 11

Earning Performance Projection for Fiscal Year 1999 (from April 1, 1999 to March 31, 2000)

	Operating Income	Ordinary Profit	Net Income
	¥ million	¥ million	¥ million
Fiscal Year 1999	550,000	38,000	28,000
Projected Net Income I	Per Share Consolidat	ted Basis : ¥11.71 Non-C	onsolidated Basis : ¥6.52

( Reference) Non-Consolidated Operating Results for First Half of FY 1999

_	( Nererence) Non-Cons	olidated Opei	ating results i	or ringt rian t	71 1 1333		
ſ			(Change from		(Change from		(Change from
		Operating	1st Half of	Ordinary	1st Half of	Net Income	1st Half of
		Income	FY 1998)	Profits	FY 1998)		FY 1998)
Ī		¥ million	%	¥ million	%	¥ million	%
L	First Half of FY 1999	243,113	( 12.3 )	14,666	(106.4)	9,331	( 12.5)

Primary Net Income per Share	Total Assets	Stockholders' Equity
¥	¥ million	¥ million
3.45	15,431,261	944,049

<sup>\*2.</sup> Net Unrealized Gains on Derivatives Transactions: ¥9,663 million.

#### <Reference>

Indexes appeared in "Financial Highlights for First Half of FY 1999"

Primary Net (Interim) Income Per Share

Net (Interim) Income - Total Dividends Paid on Preferred Shares Average Number of Common Shares during the Term (\*)

Stockholders' Equity Per Share

Term-end Balance of Stockholders' Equity - Term-end Number of Preferred

Shares Issued x Issue Price

Term-end Number of Common Shares Issued (\*)

Index appeared in Earnings Performance Projection for FY 1999

Projected Net Income - Projected Total Dividends Paid on Preferred Shares Term-end Number of CommonShares (as of September 30, 1999) (\*) Projected Net Income Per Share

excluding treasury stock of the Parent Company and Parent Company's shares owned by its subsidiaries.

# Consolidated Balance Sheets

		·	(Millions of Yen)
	Sep 30, 1999	March 31, 1999	Difference
Balance Sheets	(A)	(B)	(A) - (B)
ASSETS			
Cash and Due from Banks	752,118	875,296	123,178
Call Loans	11,473	12,052	579
Monetary Claims Bought	20	20	-
Trading Assets	181,224	385,775	204,551
Money Held in Trust	130,527	108,091	22,436
Securities	2,698,776	2,736,038	37,262
Loans and Bills Discounted	9,488,786	9,372,127	116,659
Foreign Exchanges	99,464	136,844	37,380
Other Assets	894,439	591,333	303,106
Premises and Equipment	342,459	309,866	32,593
Deferred Taxes	205,144	205,592	448
Customers' Liabilities for	200,177	200,002	770
Acceptances and Guarantees	543,813	726,564	182,751
Total Assets	15,348,249	15,459,603	111,354
LIABILITIES	10,040,249	10,408,000	111,304
	10 600 407	0.000.000	700 700
Deposits	10,629,127	9,928,388	700,739
Certificates of Deposit	482,249	1,237,285	755,036
Call Money and Bills Sold	361,518	199,377	162,141
Commercial Paper	25,000	10,000	15,000
Trading Liabilities	55,388	65,185	9,797
Borrowed Money	447,266	523,665	76,399
Foreign Exchanges	5,574	17,133	11,559
Corporate Bonds	228,130	239,496	11,366
Due to Trust Account	668,035	607,134	60,901
Other Liabilities	759,564	748,095	11,469
Reserve for Possible Loan Losses	158,485	188,214	29,729
Reserve for Retirement Allowances	15,950	15,492	458
Reserve for Possible Losses on Loans Sold	32,289	29,030	3,259
Reserve for the Specific Borrowers		1	
under Support	65,604	70,030	4,426
Reserve for Possible Losses on Investments	744		744
Other Reserves	208	176	32
Acceptances and Guarantees	543,813	726,564	182,751
Total Liabilities	14,478,952	14,605,271	126,319
MINORITY INTERESTS	7 1, 17 0,002	. 1,000,271	120,010
Minority Interests in Consolidated		1	
Subsidiaries	22,173	21,574	599
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITIES	۷۷,۱۱۵	21,314	555
Capital	465,158	465,158	
· ·	·	•	-
Capital Surplus	405,419	405,419 37,351	44.000
Deficit Sub Total	23,148	37,351	14,203
Sub Total	847,430	833,227	14,203
Treasury Stock	1	1	-
Parent's Stock Owned by Subsidiaries	306	468	162
Total Stockholders' Equity	847,122	832,757	14,365
Total Liabilities, Minority Interests	15,348,249	15,459,603	111,354
and Stockholders' Equity		15, 155,000	,00 :
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<sup>&</sup>lt;Note> Yen amounts are rounded down to the nearest million yen.

# Consolidated Statements of Income

		(Millions of Yen)
	First Half of FY 1999	Fiscal Year 1998
	From April 1, 1999	From April 1, 1998
	To September 30, 1999	To March 31, 1999
Operating Income	298,118	640,298
Interest Income	135,055	321,042
(Interest on Loans and Discounts)	( 102,235 )	( 230,043 )
(Interest and Dividends on Securities)	( 20,635 )	( 40,490 )
Trust Fees	24,696	56,669
Fees and Commissions	40,565	67,032
Trading Revenue	3,284	4,651
Other Operating Income	37,441	127,152
Other Income	57,075	63,749
Operating Expenses	278,792	895,517
Interest Expenses	53,872	181,037
(Interest on Deposits)	( 24,377 )	( 83,186 )
Fees and Commissions	6,851	10,679
Other Operating Expenses	6,242	28,630
General and Administrative Expenses	122,567	243,830
Other Expenses	89,257	431,339
Ordinary Profits ( denotes Ordinary Losses )	19,326	255,218
Extraordinary Profits	2,430	54,108
Extraordinary Losses	650	10,809
Income Before Income Taxes	21,106	211,920
( denotes Loss Before Income Taxes)		
Income Tax, Inhabitants' Tax and Enterprise Tax	990	2,550
Income Taxes - Deferred	3	31,190
Minority Interests	2,612	8,421
Net Income ( denotes Net Loss)	17,499	174,859

<sup>&</sup>lt;Note> Yen amounts are rounded down to the nearest million yen.

# Consolidated Statements of Earned Surplus

			(Millions of Yen)
Items	First Half of FY 1999 From April 1, 1999 To September 30, 1999	Items	Fiscal Year 1998  From April 1, 1998 To March 31, 1999
Deficit at the Beginning of the First Half	37,351	Consolidated Earned Surplus at the Beginning of the Term	174,104
		Other earned surplus	132,386
		Legal reserve	41,718
Decrease of Deficit during the First Half	369	Increase of Consolidated Earned Surplus during the Term	3,532
Decrease due to reduction of interests in consolidated subsidiaries	369	Increase due to reduction in number of consolidated subsidiaries	3,532
Increase of Deficit during the Term	3,665	Decrease of Consolidated Earned Surplus during the Term	40,129
Increase due to reduction in number of consolidated subsidiaries	173	Decrease due to enlarged scope of consolidation	31,630
Dividends	3,492	Dividends	8,491
Bonuses to directors and corporate auditors	0	Bonuses to directors and corporate auditors	8
Net Interim Income	17,499	Net Loss	174,859
Deficit at the End of the First Half	23,148	Deficit at the End of the Year	37,351

<sup>&</sup>lt;Note> Yen amounts are rounded down to the nearest million yen.

#### Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

(Millions of Yen) First Half of FY 1999 From April 1, 1999 To September 30, 1999 . Cash Flows from Operating Activities Interim Income before Income Taxes 21,106 Depreciation and Amortization 17,260 Goodwill Amortization 1,170 Provision for Reserve for Possible Loan Losses 20,380 Net Gains on investments in Non-Consolidated Subsidiaries and Affiliates ( ) 2,417 Provision for Reserve for Possible Losses on Loans Sold 5,119 Provision for Reserve for Specific Borrowers under Support 3,792 Provision for Reserve for Possible Losses on Investments 744 Provision for Reserve for Retirement Allowances 469 Interest Income 135,055 Interest Expenses 53,872 Investment Securities Gains - Net ( ) 35,119 Gains on Money Held in Trust - Net ( ) 1.028 Foreign Exchange Gains - Net ( ) 6.285 Gains on Sales of Premises and Equipment - Net ( ) 356 Net Increase in Trading Account Assets ( ) 201.841 Net Decrease in Trading Account Liabilities ( ) 9,289 Net Increase in Loans and Bills Discounted ( ) 169,035 Net Decrease in Deposits ( ) 59,826 Net Increase in Call Loans and Others ( ) 1,561 Net Increase in Cash Collateral for Bonds Borrowed ( ) 143,811 Net Decrease in Call Money and Others ( ) 90.436 Net Decrease in Cash Collateral for Bonds Lent ( ) 104.056 Net Increase in Deposited Money (excluding those deposited at BOJ) ( ) 124,551 Net Increase in Due to Trust Account ( ) 60,901 Net Increase in Foreign Exchange Assets ( ) 37.890 Net Decrease in Foreign Exchange Liabilities ( ) 11,567 138,721 Interest Income (Cash Based) Interest Expenses (Cash Based) 63,584 Others 25,774 Subtotal 27.679 Provision for Income Taxes 1,573 Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities 26,106 Cash Flows from Investing Activities Purchases of Investment Securities 1,257,796 Proceeds from Sales of Investment Securities 1,260,068 Proceeds from Sales of Interests in Subsidiaries (Those transactions that accompany the change in the scope of consolidation) Proceeds from Maturities of Investment Securities 58,131 Expenses Associated with Increase in Money Held in Trust 54.603 Income Associated with Decrease in Money Held in Trust 5.176 Purchases of Premises and Equipment 28.169 Proceeds from Sales of Premises and Equipment 1,416 Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities 15,754 Cash Flows from Financing Activities Repayment of Subordinated Bonds 7.000 Dividends 3.492 Dividends Paid to Minority Shareholders 86 Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities 10,578 . Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents 224 . Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents 2 . Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Term 411,398 . Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents due to Exclusion from Consolidation 0 Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Term 411,396

<sup>\*1.</sup> Yen amounts are rounded down to the nearest million yen. denotes items to be deducted, or negative amounts.

### Principles of Consolidation

1. Scope of Consolidation

(1) Consolidated Subsidiaries: 59

Major Consolidated Subsidiaries Cosmo Securities, Ltd

Daiwagin Card Co., Ltd Daiwa Guarantee Co., Ltd

The Daiwa Factor and Leasing Co., Ltd Daiwa Bank (Capital Management) Plc.

P.T. Bank Daiwa Perdania

(2) Non-Consolidated Subsidiaries:

(Non-Consolidated Subsidiaries Applied Equity Method : None)

Major Non-Consolidated Subsidiary Japan Cosmo Securities (Hong Kong) Ltd.

2. Application of Equity Method

(1) Affiliates Applied Equity Method: 11

Major Equity Method Affiliates Bank of Kinki, Ltd Bank of Osaka, Ltd

General Housing Finance Co., Ltd

(2) Affiliates not Applied Equity Method 0

3. Interim-Ends of Consolidated Subsidiaries

Interim-ends of the consolidated subsidiaries are as follows:

End of November	1	End of June	22
End of January	1	End of July	1
End of February	1	End of September	30
End of March	3		

The accounts of consolidated subsidiaries with interim-ends in November, January, February, and March are consolidated based on accounts adjusted to September 30, 1999. The accounts of all other subsidiaries are consolidated as at their respective interim-ends. Appropriate adjustments are made for significant transactions during the period from the respective interimends of the above subsidiaries to the date of the Parent Company's Interim-end.

# 4. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(1) Trading Assets and Liabilities

The valuation method of "Trading Assets/Liabilities" held by the Parent Company and related revenue and expenses recognition method are as follows:

Transactions for trading purposes represent transactions seeking to capture gains arising from short-term changes or from differences between markets, in interest rates, currency exchange rates or market prices of securities and other market-related indices. These transactions are included in "Trading Assets" or "Trading Liabilities" in the Consolidated Balance Sheet on a trade date basis. Profits /losses on these transactions are included in "Trading Revenue" or "Trading Expenses" in the Consolidated Statement of Income.

Securities and monetary receivables, etc., are carried at market value prevailing at interim-end, and financial derivatives such as swaps, futures and options are carried at the price based on the assumption that the transactions were settled at the interim-end.

"Trading Revenue/Expenses" include interest received/paid during the period and changes in revaluation profits/losses during the period for securities and monetary receivables. "Trading Revenues/Expenses" also include changes in revaluation profits/losses for financial derivatives during the term on the assumption that the transactions were settled at the end of the fiscal period.

Consolidated domestic subsidiaries which engage in securities business carry trading securities and other trading assets including derivative instruments in the trading account at their market values.

## (2) Securities

Securities held by the Parent Company are carried at cost, with cost of securities sold being determined by the moving-average method. Listed securities held in individually managed money trusts for asset management purposes are carried at the lower of cost or market value (applying the reversion method which entails a reversion to cost at the beginning of the next fiscal period). Securities other than those referred to above are carried at cost, with cost being determined by the moving-average method.

Listed securities held by domestic subsidiaries which engage in securities business are carried at the lower of cost or market value (reversion method), with cost of securities sold being determined by the moving-average method. Securities other than the above are carried at cost, with cost being determined by moving-average method. Securities held by other subsidiaries are carried at cost, with cost being determined by the moving-average method.

(3) Premises and Equipment

Depreciation of premises and equipment is calculated as follows:

Buildings Straight line method. Rates are defined in accordance with the Corporate Tax Law.

Equipment Fixed percentage of declining balance method. Rates are defined in accordance with the Corporate Tax Law.

Others As amortized in accordance with the Corporate Tax Law.

(4) The Reserve for Possible Loan Losses of the Parent Company is provided as follows, based on the rules for write-offs and additions to reserves in accordance with the Accounting Standards for Banks. The reserve for possible loan losses for bankrupt and effectively bankrupt borrowers is provided based on the amount after deductions of the expected collectable amount through the disposal of collateral or through the execution of guarantees. The reserve for possible loan losses for borrowers who are not currently legally bankrupt but are likely to become bankrupt, is provided based on the amount considered necessary based on the overall solvency assessment of the amounts after deductions of the expected collectable amount through the disposal of collateral or through the execution of guarantees.

The reserve for possible loan losses on the loan to other than the above is provided based on loan loss experiences, as calculated using the actual default rates during a certain period in the past. Also, a reserve for possible losses on the loans to restructuring countries are set aside with the estimated amount based on such factors as political and economic risks. All loans are assessed by branches and credit departments based on internal rules of the self-assessment of assets. The credit assessment department, independent from the branches and credit departments, audits the result of the self-assessment, and the reserve is provided based on the result of the audit. As for the loans to legally/effectively bankrupt borrowers that are extended by the Parent Company and some of its subsidiaries, the credit amounts not covered by collateral or guarantees (Category exposures) are regarded as uncollectable and directly written-off from the original credit amounts.

The amount of such direct write-offs is ¥533,274 million.

- (5) Reserve for Retirement Allowances
  - The Parent Company maintains a reserve for retirement allowances in line with the Accounting Standards for Banks. The reserve is based on the amount that would be required if all eligible employees had voluntarily retired at the end of each fiscal year. Based on the required amount of addition for the year, the amount relevant to the interim period is added to the reserve. In addition, the Parent Company has a contributory employee pension plan as part of its retirement allowance system. Major consolidated subsidiaries also have similar employee pension plan.
- (6) Reserve for Possible Losses on Loans Sold The Reserve for Possible Losses on Loans Sold is set aside based on the estimated amount of losses to be incurred from the decline of the collateral (real estate) value of loans sold to the Cooperative Credit Purchase Company.

- (7) Reserve for the Specific Borrowers under Support The Reserve for the Specific Borrowers under Support is set aside based on the rationally estimated amount of financial support that the Bank will need to provide for specific borrowers under support in the future.
- (8) Reserve for Possible Losses on Investments The Reserve for Possible Losses on Investments is provided based on the rationally estimated amount of losses that might be incurred from investments.
- (9) Other reserves required by special laws are as follows:
  - The Reserve for Contingent Liabilities from the Brokering of Financial Futures Transactions is based on Article 82 of the Financial Futures Transaction Law. This reserve is provided by the Parent Company, and the balance as at the interim-end is ¥1 million.
  - The Reserve for Contingent Liabilities from the Brokering Securities Transactions is based on Article 51 of the Securities and Exchange Act. This reserve is provided by domestic subsidiaries engaging in securities business, and the balance as at the interim-end is ¥206 million.
- (10) Foreign Currency Translation of Assets and Liabilities The Parent Company's assets and liabilities are translated into yen at the market exchange rates prevailing at the end of each accounting period. Similarly, foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities held by consolidated subsidiaries are translated into yen, in most cases, at exchange rates prevailing at the end of their respective accounting periods.
- (11) Lease Transactions
  Finance lease other than those with property rights which will be recognized as transferable to the leases, is accounted for in compliance with general accounting procedures for rent transactions.
- (12) Accounts of the Parent Company and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries are not inclusive of consumption tax.
- 5. Cash and Cash Equivalents Covered in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
  Cash and cash equivalents in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows refer to cash on hand and
  Bank of Japan deposits, both of which are components of "Cash and Due form Banks" in the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

#### Notes to Consolidated Balance Sheet

- 1. Securities include the stock of subsidiaries worth of ¥47,872 million.
- 2. Non-accrual loans to bankrupt borrowers: ¥ 87,555 million.

Non-accrual past due loans: ¥ 112,914 million.

- "Non-accrual loans to bankrupt borrowers" refer to those loans in which the payment of principal or interest is well past due or there is no prospect of recovery of the principal or interest from the borrower or from a third party guaranteeing the loan.
- "Non-accrual past due loans" are defined as those loans which are past due and not accruing interests, but are categorized neither as "non-accrual loans to bankrupt borrowers," nor as "loans with altered lending condition" whose definition is given below.
- 3. Loans past due for three months or more: ¥55,856 million.
  - "Loans past due for three months or more" are defined as loans whose principal or interest payment is past due for more than three months, but are categorized neither as "non-accrual loans to bankrupt borrowers," nor as "non-accrual past due loans."
- 4. Loans with altered lending conditions: ¥ 334,335 million.
  - "Loans with altered lending conditions" are defined as loans that the Bank has granted certain concessions by changing the original conditions to debtors' advantage, with a view to supporting financial restructuring and securing the collection of the Bank's credits extended to them. These loans are categorized neither as "non-accrual loans to bankrupt borrowers," "non-accrual past due loans," nor as "loans past due for three months or more."
- 5. Amount of Loans under Risk Monitoring (Total of 2, 3, and 4 above): ¥590,662 million.
- 6. Accumulated depreciation on buildings and equipment: ¥155,215 million.
- 7. Borrowed Money includes ¥ 281,500 million of subordinated debts.
- 8. Corporate Bonds are all subordinated.
- 9. Principal amount of Jointly Operated Designated Money in Trusts: ¥ 1,373,905 million.
- 10. Net Interim Income Per Share: ¥7.72 per share

## Notes to Non-Consolidated Statements of Income

- 1. "Other Expenses" include a ¥20,380 million provision for reserve for possible loan losses, and a ¥29,649 million loss incurred from write-off of loans.
- 2. Extraordinary Profits include the profit worth of ¥2,009 million earned from the collection of previously written-off claims.

# Statement of Trust Assets and Liabilities (As of September 30, 1999)

(Millions of Yen)

Assets		Liabilities	(IVIIIIIONS OF TEN)
Loans and Bills Discounted	821,207	Money Trusts	7,272,195
Securities	11,693,420	Pension Trusts	6,011,862
Securities Held for Investment Trust	3,261,640	Asset Formation Benefit Trusts	3,702
	3,201,040	Securities Investment Trusts	5,360,698
Foreign Investment Held for Investment Trust	330,616	Pecuniary Trusts Other than	100.004
Trust Beneficiary Certificate	20,952	Money Trusts	426,391
Securities Held in Custody		Securities Trusts	243,000
Accounts	54,023	Monetary Claims Trusts	66,823
Securities Lent	185,880	Real Estate Trusts	189,462
Monetary Claims	330,497	Land Leases Trusts	4,751
Premises and Equipment	224,446	Composite Trusts	31,912
Leased Land	698		
Other Claims	264,097		
Call Loans	1,134,696		
Due from Banking Account	668,035		
Cash and Due from Banks	620,587		
Total Assets	19,610,800	Total Liabilities	19,610,800

#### <Note>

- \*1. Yen amounts are rounded down to the nearest million yen.
- \*2. Co-Managed Trust Funds under Other Trust Bank's Administration: ¥12, 975, 215 million.
- \*3. Loans and Bills Discounted funded by JOMT account funds that the Bank guarantees the principal: ¥ 670,630 million

Of this total, Loans to Bankrupt Borrowers : ¥2,880 million [A]

Non-Accrual Past Due Loans : ¥7,544 million [B]
Loans Past Due for Three Months or More : ¥6,731 million [C]
Loans with Altered Lending Conditions : ¥5,752 million [D]
Loans under Risk Monitoring (Total of above [A] to [D]) : ¥22,909 million

# Jointly Operated Designated Money in Trusts (JOMT) (As of September 30, 1999)

Assets		Liabilities	
Loans and Bills Discounted	670,630	Principal	1,373,905
Securities	278,191	Special Loan Loss Reserve	2,024
Others	428,604	Others	1,496
Total Assets	1,377,426	Total Liabilities	1,377,426

#### Segment Information

Segment Information by Type of Business
 First Half of FY 1999 (for the period from April 1, 1999 to September 30, 1999)

(Millions of Yen)

	Banking and Trust Banking	Securities	Other Financial Services	Others	Total	Offset or Common to All	Consolidated
Operating Income and     Ordinary Profit							
Operating Income							
(1) Operating Income							
from Customers	247,783	17,509	28,509	4,316	298,118	-	298,118
(2) Intrasegment							
Operating Income	2,954	130	8,823	440	12,348	( 12,348 )	-
Total	250,738	17,639	37,332	4,757	310,467	( 12,348 )	298,118
Operating Expenses	226,262	11,043	49,042	8,043	294,391	( 15,599 )	278,792
Ordinary Profit	24,475	6,596	11,709	3,286	16,076	( 3,250)	19,326
( denotes Ordinary Loss)							
II. Assets, Depreciation							
and Capital Expenditure							
Assets	15,432,750	191,212	2,313,326	206,301	18,143,591	( 2,795,342 )	15,348,249
Depreciation	3,886	93	88	13,193	17,260	-	17,260
Capital Expenditure	3,412	297	21	39,101	42,832	-	42,832

- <Notes> 1. Yen amounts are rounded down to the nearest million yen.
  - Segmentation is based on each consolidated company's line of business. "Others" represents insurance agency business, real property leasing business and so forth.
  - Operating Income and Ordinary Profit are shown in places of Sales and Operating Profit which would be reported in cases of general companies.
  - 4. Capital Expenditure includes the investments related to system equipment.

Fiscal Year 1998 (for the period from April 1, 1998 to March 31, 1999)

	Banking and Trust Banking	Securities	Other Financial Services	Others	Total	Offset or Common to All	Consolidated
I. Operating Income and							
Ordinary Profit							
Operating Income							
(1) Operating Income							
from Customers	554,211	21,053	52,675	12,358	640,298	-	640,298
(2) Intrasegment							
Operating Income	5,190	900	18,931	1,896	26,917	( 26,917)	-
Total	559,402	21,953	71,606	14,255	667,216	( 26,917)	640,298
Operating Expenses	703,974	28,371	177,459	18,370	928,176	( 32,658)	895,517
Ordinary Profit	144,572	6,417	105,852	4,115	260,959	( 5,740 )	255,218
( denotes Ordinary Loss)							
II. Assets, Depreciation							
and Capital Expenditure							
Assets	15,461,021	170,874	2,186,543	176,011	17,994,450	( 2,534,847 )	15,459,603
Depreciation	10,843	326	23,496	1,295	35,961	-	35,961
Capital Expenditure	9,259	149	17,990	13,898	41,297	-	41,297

- <Notes> 1. Yen amounts are rounded down to the nearest million yen.
  - 2. Segmentation is based on each consolidated company's line of business. From this fiscal year, "Other Financial Services" is added as a new segment due to its increased importance as a segment. In the Fiscal Year 1997, these businesses were classified as "Others." Operating Income and Ordinary Loss from these businesses would have been ¥15,278 million, and ¥2,873 million, respectively while the amount of assets employed, depreciation cost, and capital expenditure would have been ¥297,136 million, ¥14 million, and ¥46 million, respectively. "Others" represents an insurance agency business, real property leasing business and so forth.
  - Operating Income and Ordinary Profit are shown in places of Sales and Operating Profit which would be reported in cases of general companies.
  - 4. Capital Expenditure includes the investments related to system equipment.
  - 5. The parent company changed its method of depreciation of buildings (including the attached structures) from the fixed percentage of declining balance method to the straight line method from this fiscal period. Operating Expenses, Ordinary Loss and Depreciation of "Banking and Trust Banking" segment are decreased by ¥501 million, respectively, while Asset is increased by the same amount when compared to the figures based on the former method.

#### Segment Information

#### 2. Segment Information by Location

First Half of FY 1999 (for the period from April 1, 1999 to September 30, 1999)

Since the operating income and employed assets of "Japan" segment is more than 90 % of other segments combined, segment information by location for the first half of FY 1999 is not shown here.

Fiscal Year 1998 (for the period from April 1, 1998 to March 31, 1999)

(Millions of Yen)

	Japan	Europe	Asia	Other Area	1 10181	Offset or Common to All	Consolidated
Operating Income and     Ordinary Profit							
Operating Income							
(1) Operating Income							
from Customers	578,682	5,513	55,607	494	640,298	-	640,298
(2) Intrasegment							
Operating Income	18,519	2,495	13,976	11,048	46,040	( 46,040 )	-
Total	597,202	8,009	69,584	11,543	686,339	( 46,040 )	640,298
Operating Expenses	845,991	12,833	74,776	11,673	945,275	( 49,757)	895,517
Ordinary Profit	248,789	4,824	5,191	130	258,935	( 3,716 )	255,218
( denotes Ordinary Loss)							
II. Assets	#######	34,521	745,190	245,573	#######	( 1,309,210 )	#######

<Notes> 1. Yen amounts are rounded down to the nearest million yen.

- 2. In places of Sales and Operating Profit which would be reported in cases of general companies, Operating Income and Ordinary Profit of the parent company, its head office and branches, and consolidated subsidiaries are reported by each area. Businesses are classified into "Japan" and certain other areas shown above based on their places of operations.
- 3. Europe includes the United Kingdom and Spain. Asia includes Republic of Korea, the People's Republic of China (including Hong Kong), Republic of Singapore, Republic of Indonesia and others. Other Area represents the British West Indies Grand Cayman Island.
- 4. The parent company changed its method of depreciation of buildings (including the attached structures) from the fixed percentage of declining balance method to the straight line method from this fiscal period. Operating Expenses, Ordinary Loss of the "Japan" segment are decreased by ¥501 million, respectively, while Asset employed by the segment is increased by the same amount, when compared to the figures based on the former method.

#### 3. International Operating Income

Since international operating income of the Bank is less than 10% of the total, international operating income for the First Half of FY 1999 is not shown here.

(Millions of Yen)

	International Operating Income (A)	Consolidated Operating Income (B)	(A)/(B)
Fiscal Year 1998	105,898	640,298	16.53%

#### <Note>

- 1. Yen amounts are rounded down to the nearest million yen.
- 2. International Operating Income is reported in place of Overseas Sales which would be reported in cases of general companies.
- 3. International Operating Income includes domestic foreign exchange transactions, trade bills transactions by yen, non-residents transactions by yen, offshore account transactions, the Parent Company's overseas branch transactions, and Operating Income of consolidated overseas subsidiaries (excluding amounts from internal transactions among the consolidated subsidiaries).

## (Market Prices of Securities)

(Millions of Yen)

			End of September, 1999						
				Valuation					
		Book Value	Market Value	Gain/Loss	Gain	Loss			
Securities	Bonds	313,376	306,711	6,664	1,153	7,818			
	Stocks	1,382,072	1,357,703	24,368	169,360	193,729			
	Others	49,446	49,102	344	3,702	4,046			
Total		1,744,895	1,713,517	31,377	174,217	205,594			

- \*1. Securities mentioned above cover only listed securities. Bonds include Japanese national/local government bonds, and Japanese corporate bonds. Listed bonds are valued at the closing prices on the Tokyo Stock Exchange or prices calculated using indicated yields announced by the Japan Security Dealers Association. Other listed securities are valued at the closing prices on the Tokyo Stock Exchange.
- \*2. Treasury Stock is not included in Stocks. Book value of Treasury Stock as at the end of September 1999 is ¥1 million, and their valuation gain/loss is ¥ 0 million, respectively.
- \*3. The table below covers unlisted securities for which it is possible to estimate a market value.

(Millions of Yen)

			End of September, 1999						
				Valuation					
		Book Value	Market Value	Gain/Loss	Gain	Loss			
Securities	Bonds	689,170	689,750	579	5,139	4,560			
	Stocks	20,529	33,946	13,417	16,286	2,868			
	Others	38,491	29,311	9,180	1,272	10,452			
Total		748,192	753,008	4,816	22,698	17,882			

The market value of unlisted securities is determined as follows: transaction prices announced by the Japan Security Dealers Association in the case of securities traded over the counter, prices calculated using indicated yields announced by the Japan Security Dealers Association in the case of public bonds, and market prices announced by the authorized fund management companies in the case of securities investment trusts.

\*4. Securities not included in the market value information provided above are primarily as follows:

(Millions of Yen)

	(
	Book Value
Securities Domestic Unlisted Bonds, excluding Publicly Offered Bonds	107,271
Publicly Offered Unlisted Bonds with Maturities One Year or Less	21,348
Unlisted Bonds, excluding Domestic Bonds	21,166

\*5. The market values of securities related to trading transactions, which are included in trading assets, are revalued at market prices, and revaluation gains/losses from such revaluation are recorded in the Interim Consolidated Statement of Income. Therefore, such gains/losses are not reported above.

(Market Prices of Money Held in Trust)

(Millions of Yen)

		End of September, 1999							
		Valuation							
	Book Value	Market Value	Gain/Loss	Gain	Loss				
Money Held in Trust	130,527								

The market value of Money Held in Trust is determined as follows:

- \*1. The market prices of listed securities are determined by using the closing prices on Tokyo Stock Exchange or prices calculated using indicated yields announced by the Japan Security Dealers Association in the case of public bonds.
- \*2. Transaction prices announced by the Japan Security Dealers Association in the case of securities traded over the counter.

## Market Prices of Derivatives Transactions

# (1) Transactions as to Interest Rates

					Septembe	r 30 1999	(Millions of Yen)
Market		Туре		Contract	Coptombo	Market	Valuation
Segment		71		Value	Over a year	Value	Gain/Loss
	Interest	S	ell	-	-	-	-
	Rate Futures		uy	-	-	-	-
				-	-		
		Sell	Call	( -)	"	_	-
Listed on		Sell	Put	-	-		
Exchange	Interest Rate		Fut	( -)		_	-
	Options		Call	-	-		
		Buy	Call	( - )		-	-
		Duy	Put	-	-		
			Tut	( -)		-	-
	Forward Rate	S	ell	-	-	-	-
	Agreement	Buy		-	-	-	-
	Interest Rate Swaps		the Fix ne Float	165,120	118,120	11,357	11,357
				626,346	421,283	20,309	20,309
			the Float ne Float	35,179	33,255	39	39
			Call	_	-		
Over-The-		Sell	Call	( - )		-	-
Counter		OCII	Put	-	-		
	Interest Rate		1 41	( -)		-	-
	Options		Call	_	-		
		Buy		( -)		-	-
		.,	Put	-	-		
				( -)		-	-
			Sell	27,270	20,680		
	Сар			( 161)		63	97
			Buy	49,282	21,133		
				( 654)		219	434
Total							9,328

<sup>\*1.</sup> Estimation of market value: The market values of transactions listed on Exchange are determined by using the closing prices on the Tokyo Financial Futures Exchange and others. For transactions traded over the counter, market values are calculated based on such methods as discounted present value or option pricing models.

<sup>\*2.</sup> Figures in parentheses indicate the option premiums recorded in the interim Consolidated Balance Sheet.

\*3. Derivatives Transactions included in trading assets (trading transactions) are revalued at the market values and such revaluation gains/losses are recorded on the interim Consolidated Statement of Income. Therefore, such revaluation gains/losses are not listed above.

Contract values of derivatives transactions included in trading assets are as follows:

(Millions of Yen)

(Millions of Yen								
Market				· ·	r 30, 1999			
Segment		Type		Contract	Market			
				Value	Value			
	Interest Rate	S	ell	1,233	1,228			
	Futures	В	uy	7,526	7,528			
			0 "	-				
			Call	( - )	_			
Listed on		Sell						
Exchange	Interest		Put	( - )	_			
	Rate Options			- /				
			Call	-				
		Buy		- )	-			
			Put	-				
	Forward			( - )	-			
	Rate	S	ell	3,000	3			
	Agreement	В	uy	-	-			
			the Fix ne Float	1,273,195	42,386			
	Interest Rate Swaps		the Float the Fix	1,404,734	38,993			
			the Float ne Float	112,846	165			
		<del>-</del>	Call	-				
Over-The- Counter		Sell		( - )	-			
Counter			Put	-				
	Interest Rate Options			( - )	-			
	rate options		Call	-				
		Buy		( - )	-			
			Put	-				
				( -)	-			
		S	ell	314,122				
	Con	S	CII	( 7,108)	1,719			
	Сар	-		257,190				
		В	uy	( 5,933 )	1,636			
				-	.,			
		S	ell	( - )	_			
	Floor			2,102	_			
		В	uy		E			
				( 3)	5			
		S	ell	8,800	_			
	Swaption			( 7)	0			
		В	uy	-				
	]		-	- )	-			

<Note> Figures in parentheses show initial option premiums for the Contract Values.

# (2) Transactions as to Currency

(Millions of Yen)

Manhat					Septembe		Willions of Terry
Market Segment	Туре			Contract Value	Over a year	Market Value	Valuation Gain/Loss
	0			135,899	51,145	31	31
	Currency Swaps	U.S.	Dollar	84,473	12,500	124	124
	1	H.K.	Dollar	51,426	38,645	155	155
	Forward	S	ell	-	-	-	-
	Exchange	В	uy	68	-	0	0
	Currency _ Options		Call	- ( - )	-		_
Over-The- Counter		Sell	Put	- ( -)	-	_	-
		Dent	Call	- ( - )	-	_	-
		Buy	Put		-	-	
	Others		Sell	-	-	-	-
	Others		Buy	-	-	-	-

<sup>\*1.</sup> The market values of transactions are based on discounted present value.

		7.	viilliono or rom	
Market		September 30, 1999		
	Type	Contract	Market	
Segment		Value	Value	
	Currency Swaps	68,844	26	
Over-The-	U.S. Dollar	57,007	446	
Counter	Swiss Franc	9,184	279	
	Australian Dollar	1,640	0	
	Deutsche Mark	713	100	
	British Pound	299	38	

<sup>\*2.</sup> Figures in parentheses indicate option premiums recorded in the interim Consolidated Balance Sheet.

<sup>\*3.</sup> Trading account derivative transactions are revalued at the market values and such gains/losses are recorded in the interim Consolidated Statement of Income. Therefore, such revaluation gains/losses are not listed above. Contract values of trading account derivative transactions are as follows;

\*4. Some of Forward Exchange Transactions, Currency Options Transactions are revalued at the market prices at the end of each fiscal period. Therefore, such revaluation gains/losses are not listed above. Contract values of currency-related derivatives transactions revalued at market prices are as follows:

(Millions of Yen)

				(Millions of Yen		
Market				September 30, 1999		
Segment		Type		Contract Value		
	Currency	Sell		-		
	Futures	Buy		-		
		Sell	Call	-		
	Currency Options			( -)		
Listed on			Put	-		
Exchange				( -)		
		Buy	Call	-		
				( -)		
			Put	-		
				( -)		
	Forward	Sell		652,534		
	Exchange	Ві	uy	728,324		
	Currency Options	Sell	Call	134,052		
			Put	( 2,271 )		
0				135,139		
Over - The -				( 2,455 )		
Counter		Buy	Call	136,031		
				( 3,542 )		
			Put	148,914		
				( 5,849 )		
	Others	Se	ell	-		
		Buy		-		

<Notes>

Figures in parentheses show Option Premiums recorded on the Balance Sheet.

# (3) Transactions as to Stocks

Market				September 30, 1999				
Segment		Type		Contract		Market	Valuation	
	01	Otral			Over a year	Value	Gain/Loss	
	Stock Index	Sell		-	-	-	-	
	Futures	Buy		-	-	-	-	
		Sell	Call	-	-			
				( -)		-	-	
Listed on		OCII	Put	-	-			
Exchange	Stock Index		rut	( -)			-	
	Options		Call	1	-			
	'	Dung	Call	( -)		-	-	
		Buy	Put	-	-			
				( -)		-	-	
	Securities Options	Sell	Call	_	-			
				( -)		-	_	
			Put	-	-			
				( -)		_	_	
		Buy	Call	_	-			
				( -)		-	_	
Over-The-			Put	_	-			
Counter				( -)			-	
	Securities Index Swaps	Receive the change in stock index/Pay the short-term floating rate						
		Receive the short-term		-	-	-	-	
		floating rate/Pay the change in stock index		-	-	-	-	
	Others	Sell		-	-	-	-	
	Others	Buy		-	-	-	-	
Total						-		

<sup>\*1.</sup> Estimation of market value: The market values of transactions traded in Exchange are determined by using the closing prices on the Tokyo Stock Exchange and others. For transactions traded over the counter, market values are determined by using such methods as discounted present values, or option pricing model.

<sup>\*2.</sup> Figures in parentheses indicate the option premiums recorded in the interim Consolidated Balance Sheet.

\*3. Trading account derivatives transactions are revalued at market prices and such gains/losses are recorded in the interim Consolidated Statement of Income. Therefore, such revaluation gains/losses are not listed above. Contract values of derivatives transactions included in trading assets are as follows:

(Millions of Yen)

(Millions of Y							
Market			September 30, 1999				
Segment		Type	Contract	Market			
	0.		Value	Value			
	Stock Index	S	ell	437	440		
	Futures	Buy		-	-		
		Sell	Call	-			
			Ouii	( -)	-		
Listed on			Put	-			
Exchange	Stock Index			( -)	-		
	Options		Call	-			
	<b>6</b>	Buy	Call	( - )	-		
			Put	505			
				( 3)	2		
	Securities Options	Sell	Call	-			
				( -)	_		
			Put	_			
				( -)	-		
		Buy	Call	_			
				( - )	_		
Over-The-			5.4	_			
Counter			Put	( -)	_		
		Receive the change in stock index/Pay the short-term floating rate					
	Securities Index Swaps			_	_		
		Receive the short-term					
		floating rate/Pay the change in stock index		_	_		
	O4h	Sell		_	-		
	Others	Buy		-	-		
	<u>.                                    </u>						

<Note> Figures in parentheses indicate initial option premiums.

# (4) Transactions as to Bonds

(Millions of Yen)

Market	Туре			September 30, 1999			
Segment				Contract		Market	Valuation
Oogmont				Value	Over a year	Value	Gain/Loss
	Futures of	Sell		12,889	-	13,196	306
	Bonds	Buy		-	-	-	-
		Sell	Call	-	-		
	Options of Bonds			( -)		-	-
Listed on			Put	-	-		
Exchange				( -)		-	-
	Futures	Buy	Call	-	-		
				( - )		-	-
			Put	-	-		
				( - )		-	-
	Bonds Options	Sell	Call	20,562	-	_	_
				( 14)		6	7
			Put	-	-		
Over -		Buy		( - )		-	-
The -			Call	10,231	-	_	_
Counter				( 13)		7	5
			Put	-	-		
	Others			( - )		-	-
		Sell		-	-	-	-
	Buy						-
Total						304	

<sup>\*1.</sup> Estimation of Market Value

The market values of transactions traded in Exchange are determined by using the closing prices on Tokyo Stock Exchange and others. Market values of transactions traded over the counter are estimated based on option pricing models.

\*2. Figures in parentheses indicate option premiums recorded on the interim Consolidated Balance Sheet.

- \*3. Derivatives Transactions included in trading assets (trading transactions) are revalued at their market values and such revaluation gains/losses are recorded in the interim Consolidated Statement of Income. Therefore, such revaluation gains/losses are not reported above.

Contract values of derivatives transactions included in trading assets are as follows:

1					lillions of Yen)
Market			Septembe	er 30, 1999	
Segment	Ту	pe	Contract	Market	
Segment			Value	Value	
	Futures of	S	ell	4,447	4,486
	Bonds	Buy		3,917	3,958
		Sell	Call	-	
				( - )	-
Listed on				_	
Exchange	Options of Bonds Futures		Put	( - )	1 -
_		Buy	0 "		
			Call	( - )	1 - 1
			_	-	
			Put	( -)	1 - 1
		Sell	0 "	-	
	Bond Options		Call	( - )	1 - 1
				-	
Over - The - Counter			Put	( - )	1 - 1
			Call	-	
				( - )	1 - 1
		Buy	_	-	
			Put	( - )	_
	0.1	Sell		-	_
	Others	Buy		_	_
			I		

<Note> Figures in parentheses show initial option premiums.