# Aiming at Establishing a True Retail Bank Group Business Results for 1-3Q of FY2012 and Future Management Direction



February 2013

Resona Holdings, Inc.

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**Outline of the New Business Revitalization Plan** 

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- In some pages of this material, names of Resona Group companies are shown in the following abbreviated forms: RHD: Resona Holdings, RB: Resona Bank, SR: Saitama Resona Bank, KO: Kinki Osaka Bank, Total of Group Banks: Sum of non-consolidated figures for the three banks
- 2. Negative figures represent items that would reduce net income

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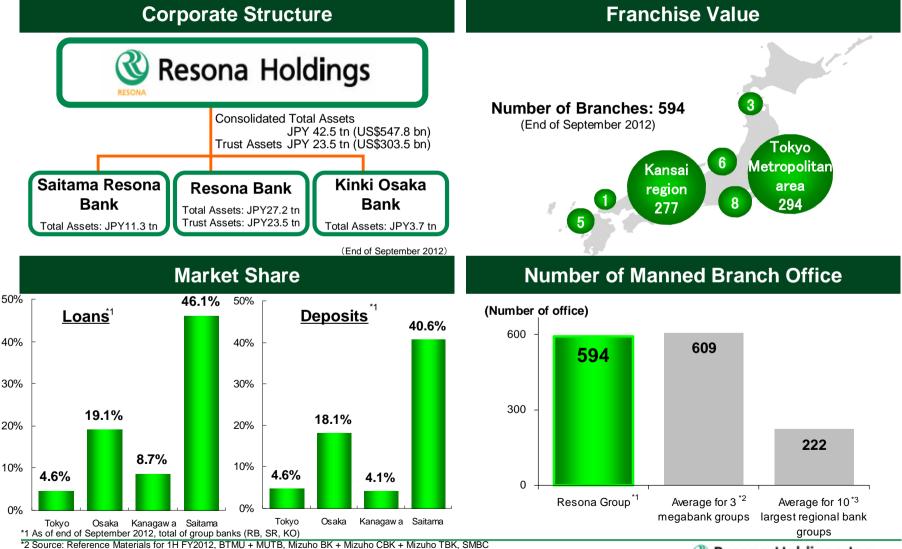
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**Direction of Future Capital Policies** 

<Reference Material>

### **Resona Group at a Glance**

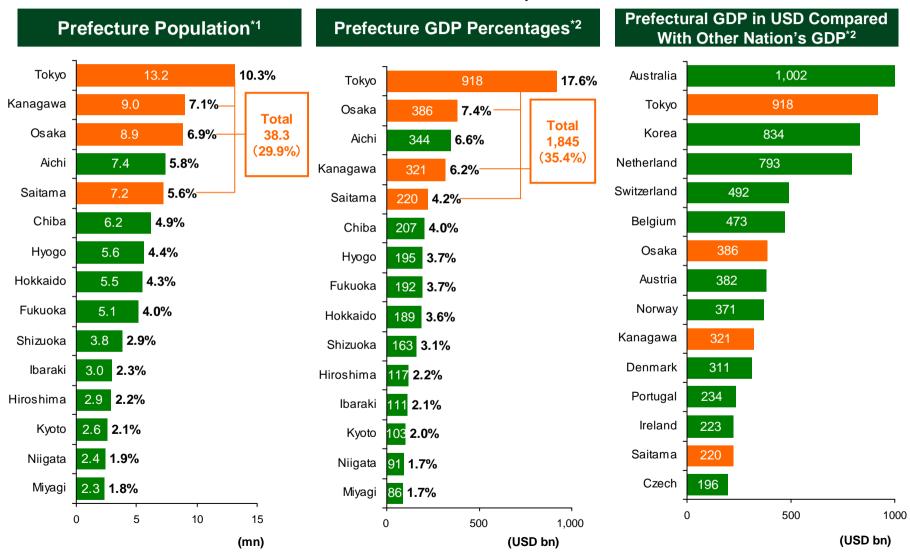
- Focus management resources on retail banking business
- Solid base in Tokyo and Kansai metropolitan areas where economic activities/population are concentrated
- Strong branch network of manned offices comparable to megabank groups



<sup>\*3</sup> Source: Reference Materials for 1H FY2012 or FY2011, 10 largest regional bank groups in terms of consolidated assets (Fukuoka FG, Yokohama, Chiba, Hokuhoku FG, Shizuoka, Yamaguchi FG, Joyo, Sapporo Hokuyo HD, Nishinippon City, 77 Bank)

### **Resona Group's Franchise**

- Resona's franchise covers approximately 30% of Japan in terms of population and GDP
- Prefectures where Resona's franchise is concentrated are comparable to some nations in terms of GDP

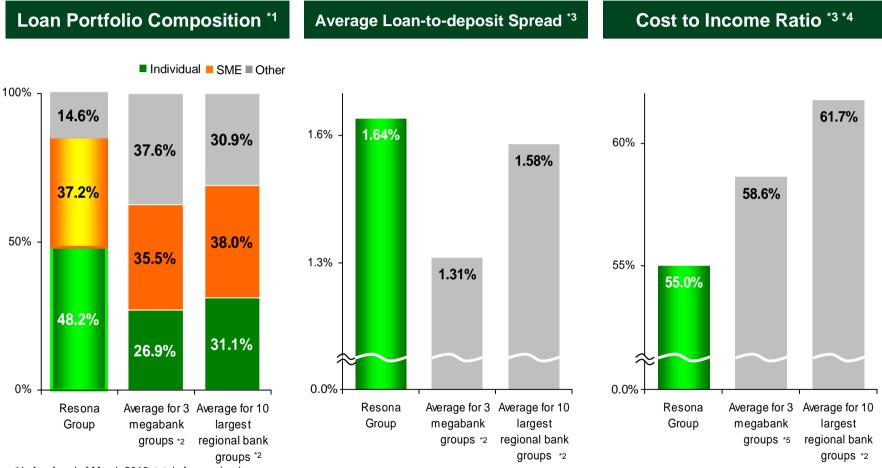


<sup>\*1.</sup> Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications, Population estimates (As of October 1st, 2011)

<sup>\*2.</sup> Cabinet Office, Government of Japan, Gross Prefecture Product FY2009 "Global comparison of gross prefecture product in dollar"

### **Resona Group's Strengths**

- Loans to SMEs and individuals account for over 80% of total loans. Interest rate spread higher relative to peers
- Expense ratio lower than industry average owing to efficient management through operational reform



<sup>\*1.</sup> As of end of March 2012, total of group banks

<sup>\*2.</sup> Megabank groups: BTMU+ MUTB, Mizuho BK+ Mizuho CBK +Mizuho Trust, SMBC

<sup>10</sup> largest regional bank groups: 10 largest regional bank groups in terms of consolidated total assets (Fukuoka FG, Yokohama, Chiba, Hokuhoku FG, Shizuoka, Yamaguchi FG, Joyo, Sapporo Hokuyo HD, Nishinippon City, 77 Bank)

<sup>\*3.</sup> As of FY2011

<sup>\*4.</sup> Consolidated cost to income ratio = operating expenses / gross operating profit

<sup>\*5.</sup> MUFG, SMFG, Mizuho FG

### **Sound Balance Sheet**

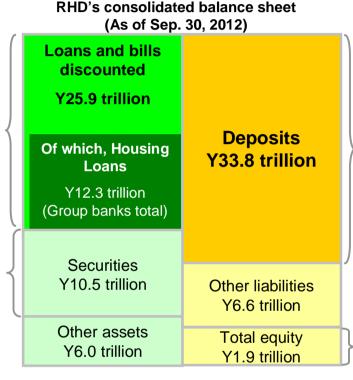
### Sound assets backed by very stable deposit funding

#### [Sound loan portfolio]

- Well-diversified loan portfolio
  - Housing loan ratio at 47.3%
  - SME portfolio well-diversified into 90 thousands clients
- Net NPL ratio standing at 0.38%

#### [Conservative securities portfolio]

- Mostly comprised of JGBs
  - JGBs duration: 2.6 years (JGBs in available-for-sale securities)
- Limited downside risk relating to equity exposure
  - Stockholdings /Total assets: approx. 0.8%
  - Breakeven Nikkei Avg:Y7,100 level
- No exposure to the U.S. sub-primerelated assets



#### [Stable funding structure]

- Strong retail deposit base
  - 13 million retail deposit accounts
  - Accounts for approx. 70% of total deposit funding
- Funding cost kept at a low level
  - Avg. cost of deposits: 0.07%
  - Low-cost liquidity deposits account for approx. 60% of total deposit funding
- Very limited dependence on inter-bank funding or securitization
- Ratio of loans and bills discounted to total deposits: approx. 76%

#### [Well capitalized on a regulatory basis]

- Capital adequacy ratio: 14.15%
- Tier 1 ratio: 10.33%
- Ratio of Net DTA to Tier 1: 13.2%

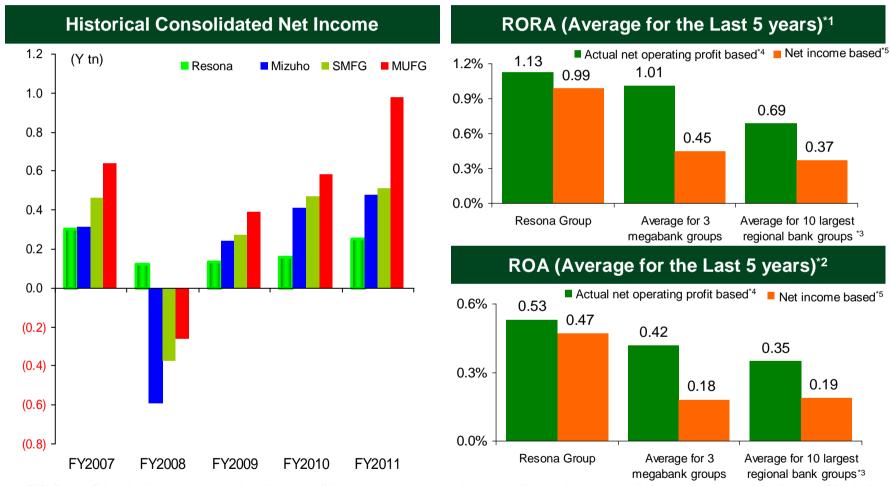
Total Accounting Assets: Y42.5 trillion
(TAA) (100%)

Risk-weighted Assets: Y17.3 trillion
(RWA) (F-IRB under Basel II)

RWA/TAA Multiple: x 0.41 times

### **Stable Profitability**

- Resona has consistently generated stable profits (positive net profit even through the Lehman crisis)
- This has been helped by minimized stockholdings and no investments in sub-prime related assets



<sup>\*1</sup> RORA (Return on Risk-weighted Assets)=(actual net operating profit or net income) / risk weighted-assets at period end, simple average of each year, risk-weighted assets for the megabank groups are calculated based on A-IRB method from the year ended March 2009 onwards, consolidated basis

<sup>2</sup> ROA=(actual net operating profit or net income) / total assets at period end, simple average of each year, consolidated basis

Top 10 regional bank groups in terms of consolidated total assets (Fukuoka FG, Yokohama, Chiba, Hokuhoku FG, Shizuoka, Yamaguchi FG, Joyo, Sapporo Hokuyo HD, Nishinippon City, 77Bank)

<sup>4</sup> Based on net operating profits less credit cost and net gains/(losses) on stocks (figures for some banks are based on aggregated figures of group banks due to disclosure limitation; i.e. not consolidated figures)

<sup>\*5</sup> Based on net income (figures for some banks are based on aggregated figures of group banks due to disclosure limitation; i.e. not consolidated figures)

### Resona Group at a Glance

# Outline of Business Results for 1-3Q of FY2012 and Updates on Major Businesses

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### Consolidated Net Income for 1-3Q FY2012 Compared with 1-3Q FY2011

Y71.5 bn increase in consolidated income before income taxes and minority interests (Billions of Yen) Y5.8 increase in income before income taxes and minority interests +0.3 (13.4) (4.5) +5.9 (8.7)+26.2 +65.6 ■ 3 Group banks +22.2 3 Group banks (8.9) • FY2011 1-3Q +0.5 Impairment loss (15.3)• FY2012 1-3Q +22.7 > FY2011 1-3Q (2.0)Other subsidiaries +3.9 > FY2012 1-3Q (17.3) (Mostly HL guarantee subsidiaries) Investment in ETF +9.0 •FY2011 1-3Q (7.7) 229.2 230.0 •FY2012 1-3Q (3.7) 157.6 Effect of the change in applicable DTA recoverability categories +90.1 Booked additional DTA accompanying the shift in applicable DTA recoverability category from "No.4 Provisory" to "No.2" Resumption of corporate income tax payment on a cash basis (29.5) Tax loss carried forward expired by March 2012 and the Group is expected to resume corporate income tax payment on a cash basis from fiscal 2012 +71.5 (+45.4%) FY2011 FY2012 FY2012 Special Income Other Operating Other Net Net dividends 1-3Q 1-3Q taxes gross expenses gains credit (net) on trust operating and cost on beneficiary Net profit (forecast) Net other stocks right income income items **Gross operating profit** 

# Summary of Operating Results for the 1-3Q Period of FY2012 (9 Months from April 1 to December 31, 2012)

(1	Operating results Fotal of Group Banks) (A)	FY2011 1-3Q	FY2012 1-3Q	Change	Rate of Progress*3	Comments
(	Gross operating profit	446.1 bn	429.2 bn	(3.7)%	75.0%	Net interest income decreased by Y16.7 bn YoY, mainly due to a decrease in income from loans and deposits attributable to a contraction of loan-to-deposit spread
	Net interest income	342.0 bn	325.3 bn	(4.8)%	_	■ Fee and commission income increased by Y2.9 bn, YoY
	Fees and commission income *1	68.6 bn	71.5 bn	+4.2%	_	<ul><li>Investment trust sales: +Y0.6 bn</li><li>Insurance product sale: +Y1.0 bn</li></ul>
	Net gains on bonds	20.2 bn	27.1 bn	+34.2%	_	Decrease in HL-related expenses: +1.6 bn
	Other income (net)	15.1 bn	5.0 bn	(66.8)%	_	<ul> <li>Net gains on bonds (including hedges) was Y23.6 bn, up Y10.8 bn YoY</li> <li>Other income (net) decreased in the absence of one-off</li> </ul>
	Operating expenses	(251.7) bn	(248.2) bn	(1.4)%	73.4%	gain of Y13.4 bn posted in the previous fiscal year relating to special dividends on trust beneficiary right.
Act	ual net operating profit *2	194.3 bn	180.9 bn	(6.8)%	77.3%	<ul><li>Sustained efforts to curtail operating expenses</li><li>Actual net operating profit decreased by Y13.3 bn YoY.</li></ul>
N	et gain/(loss) on stocks	(6.1) bn	(15.0) bn	_	_	<ul> <li>Net gain/(loss) on stocks improved by Y2.7 bn compared with 1H of FY2012.</li> </ul>
	Credit expenses, net	0.5 bn	22.7 bn	_	_	<ul> <li>Subsidiary banks posted a negative credit expense of Y22.7 bn primarily owing to a gain from reversal of general reserve for possible loan losses</li> </ul>
	Pre-tax income	189.2 bn	191.7 bn	+1.3%	97.3%	■ Pre-tax Income increased by Y2.4bn
	Net income	147.8 bn	207.6 bn	+40.4%	96.5%	<ul> <li>Net income increased by Y59.8bn YoY, supported by a reduction in income tax charge due to a change in applicable DTA recoverability category.</li> </ul>
(Re	Operating results sona HD Consolidated) (B)	FY 2011 1-3Q	FY 2012 1-3Q	Change	Rate of Progress*3	Comments
	Net Income	157.6 bn	229.2 bn	+45.4%	99.6%	<ul> <li>Posted Y229.2bn as consolidated net income, up Y71.5 bn YoY</li> </ul>
	Difference (B) – (A)	9.7 bn	21.5 bn	+120.3%	_	Net income of subsidiaries other than 3 banks expanded primarily due to a reduction in their credit expenses.

<sup>\*1.</sup> Fees and commission income plus trust fees

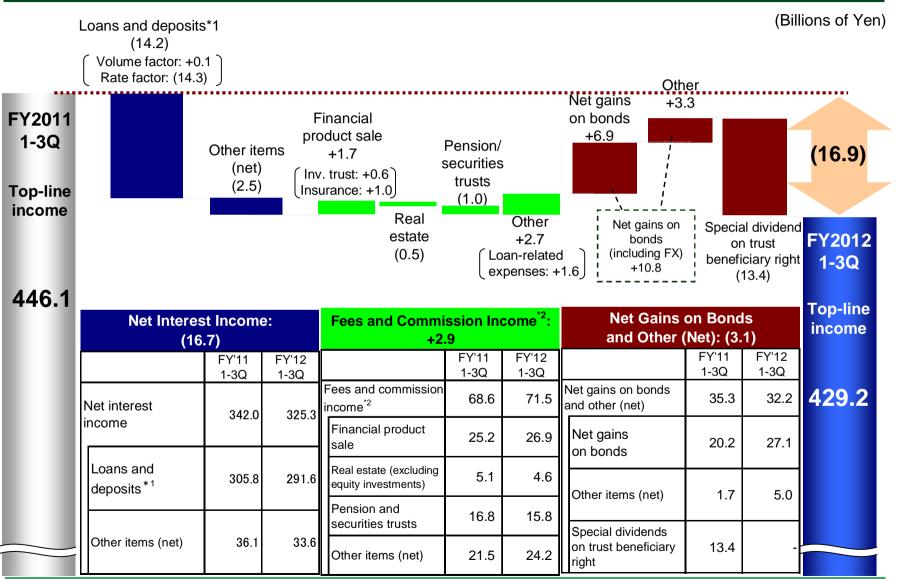
<sup>\*2.</sup> Net operating profit before transfer to general reserve for possible loan losses and expenses related to NPL disposal in the trust account

<sup>\*3.</sup> Rate of progress vis-à-vis the full-year guidance for FY2012 announced in November 2012.

<sup>\*4.</sup> Figures in parentheses represent items that would reduce net income.

# **Gross Operating Profits for 1-3Q FY2012 Compared with 1-3Q FY2011** (Total of Group Banks)

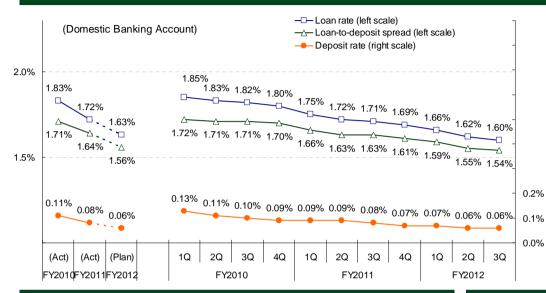
Top-line income decreased by Y16.9 bn mainly due to drop of special dividend on trust beneficiary right



<sup>\*1.</sup> Domestic operations (Deposits include NCDs) \*2. Fees and commission income plus trust fees

### **Trend of Loan and Deposit (Total of Group Banks)**

### Trend of loan and deposit rates and spread



(Ytn)	FY2011 1-3Q	FY2012 1-3Q	Change	
Loans	Avg.Bal	25.14	25.17	+0.02
	Yield	1.73%	1.63%	(0.10)%
Deposits	Avg.Bal	34.43	34.73	+0.29
(Including NCDs)	Cost	0.08%	0.06%	(0.01)%
Loan-to-deposit	1.64%	1.56%	(0.08)%	

#### Trend of term-end deposit balance Trend of term-end loan balance ■ Loans to consumers ■ Loans to SMEs ■ Other ■ Individual deposits ■ Corporate deposits ■ Other (Y tn) (Y tn) 34.2 33.8 33.9 26.1 26.0 26.1 32.6 33.6 34.6 25.8 25.8 25.9 1.8 1.9 1.2 1.3 1.1 4.0 3.8 3.9 3.8 3.9 3.8 30 9.4 9.8 9.9 9.7 10.1 9.4 20 9.5 9.7 9.6 9.2 9.5 9.5 20 10 22.7 23.3 22.2 22.4 22.8 21.9 10 12.4 12.4 12.5 12.6 12.7 12.4

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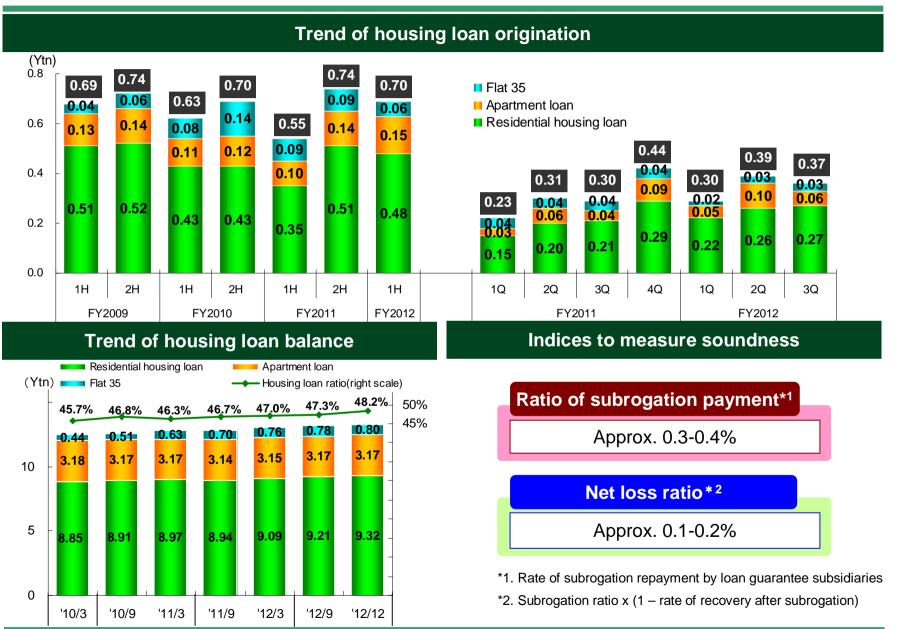
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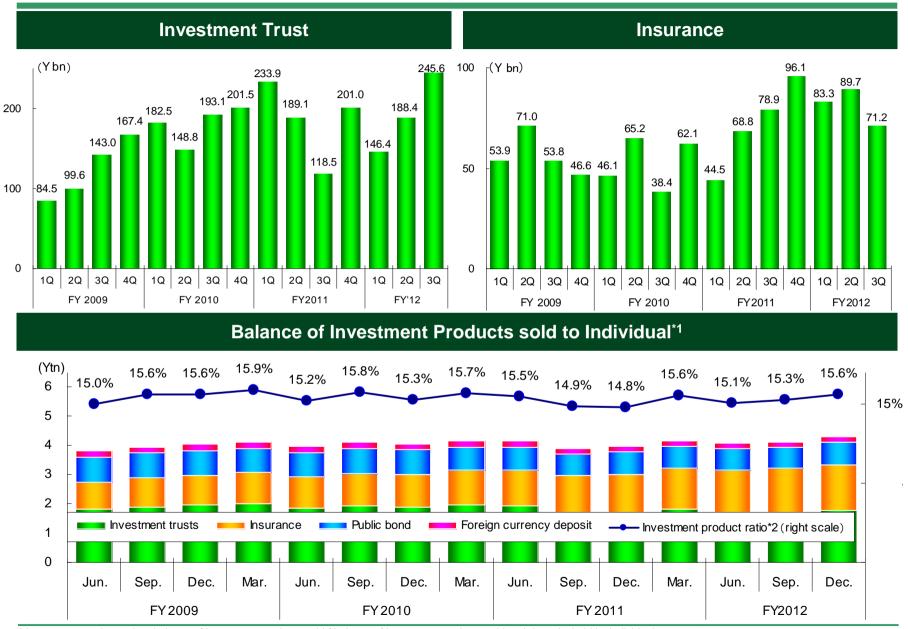
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<sup>\*</sup> Include the loan extended to Resona Holdings (Y0.27 trillion as of 2011/3 and 2011/9, Y0.24 trillion as of 2012/3 and 2012/9, Y0.19 trillion as of 2012/12)

### **Trend of Housing Loan Business (Total of Group Banks)**



### Trend of Investment Product Sale Business (Total of Group Banks)



<sup>\*</sup> Investment product ratio = balance of investment products sold / balance of investment products sold and deposits held by individuals

### **Credit Costs and Securities (Total of Group Banks)**

#### **Trend of credit costs**

									(Y bn)
		FY2 1H	009 2H	FY2 1H	010 2H	FY2 1H	011 2H	FY2 1H	012 3Q
Т	otal of group banks (A)								
	General reserve	(9.5)	18.8	11.5	(5.8)	22.0	27.3	20.4	13.2
	Specific reserve and other items	(41.7)	(49.5)	(29.6)	(12.8)	(21.5)	(32.2)	(9.1)	(1.7)
	New bankruptcy, downward migration	(56.3)	(59.2)	(39.1)	(27.9)	(27.4)	(28.3)	(28.2)	(8.0)
	Other	14.6	9.7	9.4	15.0	5.8	(3.9)	19.1	6.3
	Net credit cost	(51.3)	(30.7)	(18.1)	(18.6)	0.4	(4.8)	11.2	11.4
	Difference (B) - (A)	(17.4)	(15.1)	(14.1)	(10.6)	(7.1)	(2.1)	(5.9)	2.1
R	HD consolidated (B)								
	Net credit cost	(68.7)	(45.8)	(32.2)	(29.2)	(6.7)	(7.0)	5.3	13.6

## Responses to obligors who already formulated or are preparing a "feasible" and "drastic" turnaround plan

- Specialized division examines and approves such a plan
- Monitor progress of the plan every three months and determine an obligor category

	Obligor classification	Criteria for providing loan loss reserves	Coverage ratio
Obligors who already formulated a turnaround plan	Other watch	In reference to: 1) actual loan loss ratio observed 2) time period of turnaround plan	Approx. 50%
Obligors who are preparing a turnaround plan		Special attention	Approx. 60%

- More rigorous reserve policy adopted in Q3 FY2012
- Reserve based on the same criteria as applied to "special attention" obligors

#### Securities portfolio

- Available-for-sale securities
  - Net unrealized gain as of Dec. 31, 2012: Y141.0bn
  - Stocks: Impairment loss Y17.3bn, improvement of Y0.3bn from 1H of FY2012
  - JGB: Average duration 2.5 years, BPV Y1.62bn
    - Balance of floating-rate JGBs : Y232.0

<u>[</u>	[Total of three banks]					
		Mar.'10	Mar.'11	Mar.'12	Sep.'12	Dec.'12
А	vailable-for-sale securities*1	7,726.4	8,150.6	9,157.2	8,254.3	8,033.4
	Stocks	343.8	351.3	342.1	319.7	319.5
	Bonds	7,055.0	7,529.9	8,450.9	7,548.0	7,354.9
	JGBs	5,755.7	6,337.8	7,393.3	6,404.3	6,151.1
	Average duration (years)	2.1	2.1	2.4	2.6	2.5
	BPV	(1.19)	(1.35)	(1.81)	(1.68)	(1.62)
	Local government bonds	146.2	150.4	183.5	201.4	205.9
	Corporate bonds	1,153.0	1,041.7	874.1	942.2	997.8
	Other	327.5	269.3	364.0	386.5	358.9
	Foreign securities	135.3	96.4	236.5	243.3	227.0
ī	Jnrealized gains/(losses)	119.8	92.6	131.5	111.9	141.0
E	Bonds held to maturity *2	1,087.2	1,667.9	2,060.6	2,181.2	2,212.3
į	Jnrealized gains/(losses)	24.8	24.5	49.6	66.0	63.2

- \*1. Acquisition cost basis
- \*2. Balance sheet amount basis

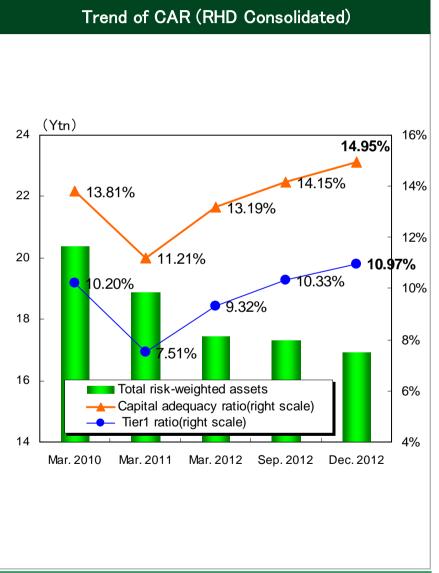
### Capital Adequacy Ratio as of Dec. 31, 2012

■ RHD's consolidated CAR [Sep. 31, 2012] <u>14.15%</u> ⇒ [Dec. 31, 2012] <u>14.95%</u> (+ 0.80%)

(Ybn, %)

### Capital adequacy ratio (RHD Consolidated)

Dec. 31, 2012	Japanese Domestic Standard	Change from End of Sep. 2012
Capital adequacy ratio	14.95%	+0.8%
Tier1 ratio	10.97%	+0.64%
Total qualifying capital	2,529.5	+76.2
Tier1 capital	1,856.5	+66.0
Tier2 capital	678.0	+9.9
Deductions	5.0	(0.3)
Total risk-weighted assets	16,917.3	(409.4)
Credit risk assets	15,817.8	(409.4)
Market risk assets		
Operational risk assets	1,099.4	-



<sup>\*</sup>Capital adequacy ratio as of Dec. 31, 2012 is on a preliminary basis.

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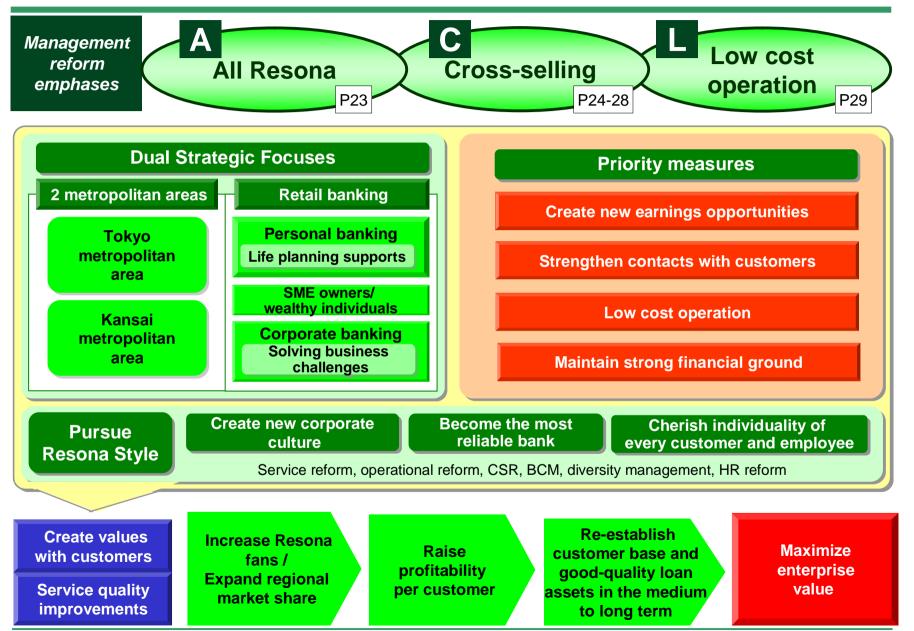
Outline of Business Results for 1-3Q of FY2012 and Updates on Major Businesses

### **Outline of the New Business Revitalization Plan**

**Direction of Future Capital Policies** 

<Reference Material>

### **Outline of the New Business Revitalization Plan**



### Focused Agendas during the New Plan Period

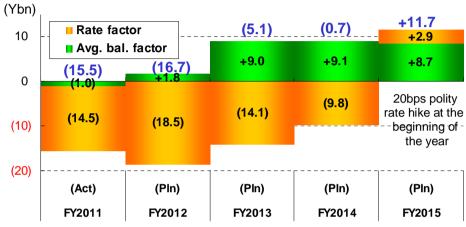
### (1) Recover the interest income by adding up good-quality loan assets

- Envisage around 2% annual loan balance growth
  - Industries with high growth potential (Asia, medical, environment, welfare, nursing care, etc.)
  - HL and loans to high net worth individuals

(Ytn)	<b>FY2012</b> (Pln)
Total average loan balance	25.23
Loans to corporations	11.60
Loans to individuals	12.65

<b>FY2015</b> (Pln)	Change
26.99	<b>+1.76</b> (+7.0%)
12.20	<b>+0.59</b> (+5.1%)
13.87	<b>+1.21</b> (+9.6%)

#### [YoY change in net interest income from loans and deposits]



### (2) Strengthen fee income through cross-selling

- Financial product sale => Return to a pre-Lehman level ■
- Fee income ratio will rise by 2.5% from FY2011

#### (Ybn) 18.7% 115 19% 18.6% Fee income ratio 18.0% 17.9% 18% 105 17% 109.8 16.2% 105.4 95 102.2 101.4 16% 96.9 85 15% (PIn) (Act) (Pln) (Pln) (Pln) FY2011 FY2012 FY2014 FY2013 FY2015

#### (3) Improve cost-competitiveness further

 Fully absorb the increase in social insurance contributions and other expense items with continued efforts for low-cost operations

(Ybn)	<b>FY2012</b> (Pln)	<b>FY2015</b> (Pln)	Change
Total G&A expense	338.0	335.0	(3.0)
Social i unavoida	+9.0		
Expense for lo	(12.0)		

<sup>\*</sup> Fees and commission income = sales commission + trust fees

### **Outlook of the Focused Businesses during the New Plan Period**

(Total of Group Banks)		FY2011 (Act)		FY2012 (Pln)		FY2015 (Pln)	FY2011 (Act) vs FY2015 (Pln)
Corporate Customers	Sale of investment trust	696.2 bn		725.0 bn		835.0 bn	+138.8 bn (19.9% increase)
	Sale of insurance products	288.3 bn		402.0 bn	١	418.0 bn	+129.7 bn (44.9% increase)
	Housing loan origination (owner occupied only)	1,048.6 bn		1,214.0 bn		1,297.0 bn	+248.4 bn (23.6% increase)
	Loans newly extended to high-net-worth individuals, etc.	401.5 bn		543.0 bn		606.0 bn	+204.5 bn (50.9% increase)
	Number of trust solutions provided for asset and business transfers	2,545		3,040		4,240	+1,695 (66.6% increase)
	Income from real estate business	7.8 bn		10.0 bn		11.0 bn	+3.2 bn (41.0% increase)
	Number of SMEs to which loans are extended	85,800		85,830		89,400	+3,600 (4.1% increase)

### **Outline of the Earnings Plan**

### Flat interest rates till the end of FY2014 and a 20bps policy rate hike in FY2015 are assumed

[Earnings Trend & Plan] (Billions of Yen)								
	FY2011	FY2012	FY2013	FY2014	FY2015	Increase		
[Total of Group Banks]	Actual	Plan (A)	Plan	Plan	Plan (B)	(Decrease) (B)-(A)		
Gross operating profit	598.6	572.0	563.0	568.0	588.0	16.0		
Net interest income	454.1	433.0	430.0	434.0	447.0	14.0		
(Loan-to-deposit spread) (Administrative accounting basis)	1.63%	1.55%	1.49%	1.45%	1.49%	(0.06)%		
Fees and commissions + Trust fees	96.9	102.2	101.4	105.4	109.8	7.6		
Other	47.5	36.8	31.6	28.6	31.2	(5.6)		
Operating expense	(338.8)	(338.0)	(336.0)	(336.0)	(335.0)	3.0		
Actual net operating profit *1	259.7	234.0	227.0	232.0	253.0	19.0		
Net gains/losses on stocks	2.2	(18.0)	5.0	6.0	8.0	26.0		
Credit costs, net	(4.4)	(20.0)	(48.0)	(48.0)	(48.0)	(28.0)		
Income before income taxes	242.6	197.0	190.0	192.0	215.0	18.0		
Net income	239.4	215.0	120.0	121.0	140.0	(75.0)		
Resona HD Net income, Consolidated	253.6	230.0	130.0	131.0	150.0	(80.0)		
[Major Indices]								
Fee income ratio % *2	16.18	17.86	18.01	18.55	18.67	0.81		
Cost-to-income ratio %*3	56.60	59.09	59.68	59.15	56.97	(2.12)		
Credit cost ratio % *4	0.02	0.07	0.18	0.18	0.17	0.10		
[Major Assumptions]								
Overnight call rate (policy rate) %	0.076			0.300	0.200			
10 year JGB %	0.985		1.000		1.200	0.200		
FX (Yen / 1US\$)	82	8	0	85	90	10		
Nikkei 225 (yen)	10,083	8,500 to	10,500	11,500 12,500				

<sup>\*1.</sup> Net operating profit before provision to general reserve for possible loan losses and disposal of problem loans in the trust account

<sup>\*2. (</sup>Fees and commission income + Trust fees) / Gross operating profit

<sup>\*3.</sup> Operating expenses / Gross operating profit (before NPL charge-off in the trust account)

<sup>\*4.</sup> Credit costs, net / Total credits (term-end balance)

# All Resona

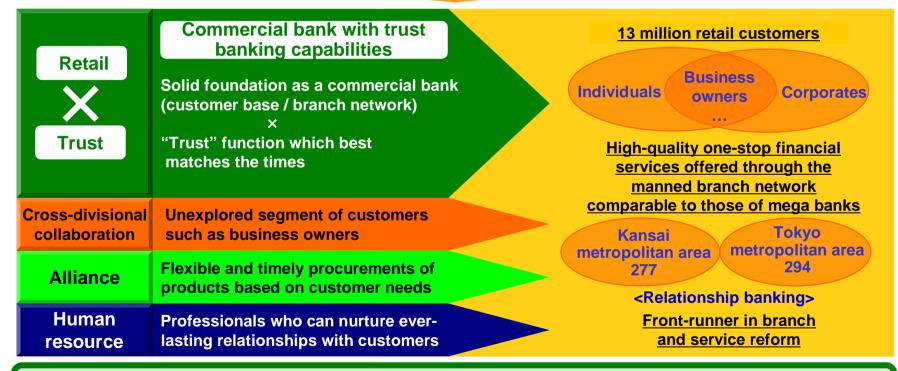
### Financial group that can benefit the most from the prevailing tidal change in the market

Tidal changes taking place in the market

Increasing and diversifying financial needs from household sector

Large-scale crossgeneration asset transfer taking place for the first time after the war

Further concentration of assets and population in metropolitan areas



### Resona Group banks were ranked as #1 and #2

### Nikkei Retail Banking Survey

(the Eighth Annual Survey in 2012)

The survey compared the quality of over-the-counter service and financial products of 117 banks in Japan.

## C Cross-Selling

### Maximizing profitability through cross-selling

higher Premier profit **Housing Loan** Migration to an upper **Asset Management** segment and/or increase in the number of products cross-Potenrial I sold will enlarge life-time earnings Potential II lower Potential III profit Number of products cross-sold Profitability matrix by customer segments and number of 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 ... products cross-sold

### "Housing loan" segment strategy

**Cross-selling based on anticipated life events** 

0.53 million housing loan clients

**Ever-lasting** transactions

One-to-one marketing based on customized web pages

Proper understanding of customer profile as an existing loan creditor

#### "Premier" segment strategy

Cross-selling opportunities arising from asset transfer business

0.86 million potentially affluent clients

Increase "premier" customers by 20,000 ⇒ Y15 to 20 bn additional income

+200 sales representatives for potentially affluent customers

Sophistication in marketing

=> Optimizing strategies by customer segments

#### "Potential" segment strategy

Approach customers via the channel they want

Customers whom group banks have not met face-to-face yet

Becoming a main bank for them

Resona Club (loyalty program)

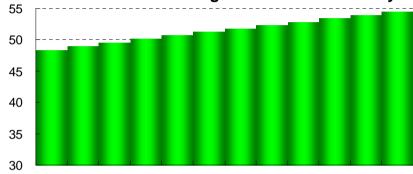
More convenient web/mobile functions

Extended business hours:
Nighttime on weekdays and opening on holidays

## **Cross-Selling: Asset Transfer Business (1)**

#### Over Y500 trillion to be handed over to next generation in 10 years\*1

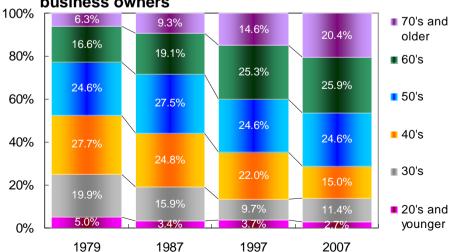
- 60 to 70% in Tokyo and Kansai metropolitan areas in terms of the inheritance tax paid
- Likelihood of more stringent inheritance tax levy



(Ytn) 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020

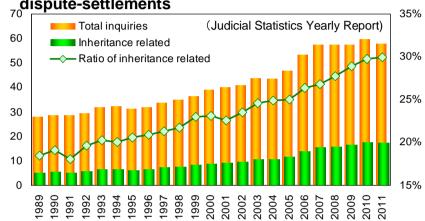
#### Change in composition of SME representatives by his/her age\*2

Succession of business is a headache for aged business owners



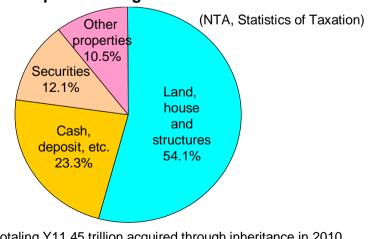
#### Inquiries to family courts regarding inheritance

Increasing number of cases brought to courts for dispute-settlements



#### Composition of assets acquired through inheritance

Real estate accounts for more than half of the assets acquired through inheritance



Assets totaling Y11.45 trillion acquired through inheritance in 2010

<sup>\*1.</sup> Inheritance market: Total estimated assets to be inherited (Nomura Institute of Capital Markets Research)

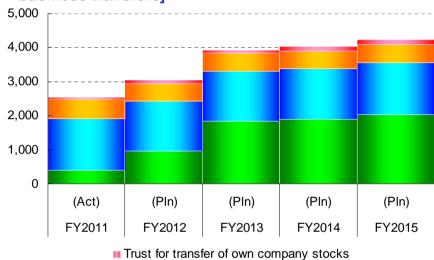
<sup>\*2.</sup> Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications and The Small and Medium Enterprise Agency

### **Cross-Selling: Asset Transfer Business (2)**



#### Multifaceted cross-selling opportunities vis-à-vis "Premier" customers

#### [Number of trust solutions provided for asset and business transfers]



Estate division ■ Will trust

■ Trust for asset transfer

#### **Entrustment of Wills**

### Access to asset information of the client

■ cash & deposits
■ securities ■ stock of their own companies ■ real estate.....

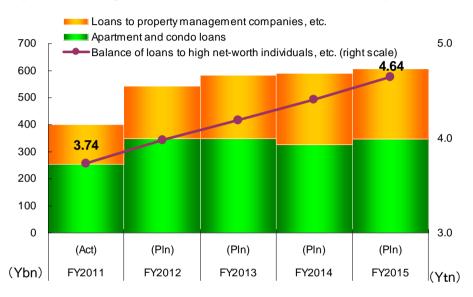
Consulting

Inheritance

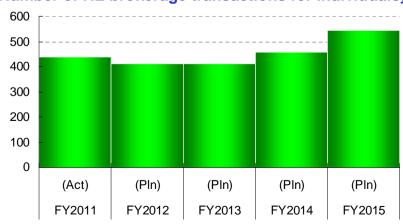
#### **Various opportunities for Cross-Selling**

- investment trusts insurance apartment loans
- real estate mediation
   business succession....

### [Loans newly extended to "Premier" customers]



#### [Number of RE brokerage transactions for individuals]



## C

### **Cross-Selling: Efforts to Strengthen Contacts with Customers**

#### **Face-to-face Channels**

Approx. 600 face-to-face outlets including 75 Loan Plazas

Offer "differentiated" "order-made" asset transfer solutions





"Open 7 days a week" to provide life-planning supports for those who couldn't visit our branches on weekdays daytime







#### Differentiated service quality

 Offer the interface which a customer prefers the best

Strengthen sales capabilities at branch counters

**Consulting Capability Enhancement Project** 

- Sales promotion based on consultation for life planning
- Strengthen proposal on ideal asset portfolio

#### **Direct Channels**

#### Web / Mobile

One-to-One marketing via customized web

#### **ATM**

Induce ATM-only clients to pay a visit to branch counters

#### **Customer Center**

Strengthen outbound promotion

Double the number of "approached" customers from 1 million to 2 million

## C KPIs for Cross-selling (Total of Group Banks)

rimary Index	■ RLCs = Clients to whom the			Change in	
(Nun	nber of customers in thousands)	Sep 30, 2011	Sep 30, 2012	Past 1 Year	
Premier	AUM or condominium loan exceeding JPY50 million	41.7	43.2	+1.5	
Housing Loan	With housing loan for own home	526.0	534.5	+8.5	
Asset Management	AUM exceeding JPY10 million	621.7	630.0	+8.3	
Potential I AUM exceeding JPY5 million		784.6	784.6	+0.0	
Potential II	Potential II  AUM below JPY 5 million/ with 3 or more products sold		4,568.5	+69.0	
Resona Loyal	Customers (RLCs)	6,473.5	6,560.8	+87.3	
Potential III	AUM below JPY 5 million/ with 2 or less products sold	6,362.5	6,248.1	(114.5)	
To	otal active customers (3 banks total)	12,836.0	12,808.8	(27.2	
Lifetime Under measu	Change in Past 1 Year +49.9bn  Under certain assumptions, try to measure the degree of incremental growth in top line income brought		Sep 30, 2012  3.85 Products  (+0.00 from Sep. 30, 2011)  Ordinary account to be counted as one item (formerly not counted as one item)		
about by virt	by new transactions captured ue of the sales activities	Sold	<ul> <li>2 items<sup>*1</sup> which have mutuality with a transaction retention rate and future earnings are newly added</li> </ul>		

<sup>\*1. (1)</sup> Account transfer (Utilities, insurance premium, credit card and tax payment), and

<sup>(2)</sup> Outward and inward remittance

## L

### **Low Cost Operation: Promotion of Operational Reforms**

Deposit/domestic exchange business reform in a final stage => Embark on a loan business reform

#### Deposit and domestic exchange business reform Housing loan processing reform Next generation branch office All existing Loan Plazas to be (Branch office redefined as "a place for sales activities") upgraded to next-generation LPs **Primary** Significantly enhance operational efficiency by Introduce Next-generation Housing measures integrating and standardizing clerical work Loan Processing System to all LPs and Housing Loan centers [Trend of clerical staffs (RB+RBS)] Around 40% of the reduced clerical staffs will have [Trend of clerical staffs (RB+SR)] been shifted to a sales department 2012/3 2011/3 2014/3 (B)-(A)2005/3 2012/3 2014/3 (Act)(A) (Plan)(B) (Act) (B)-(A)(Act) (Act)(A) (Plan)(B) Clerical 1,200 750 (400)1,150 Clerical staff 8.091 5.116 4.560 (556)staffs Clerical 100 95 50 (45)Clerical work 100 52 40 (12)work Corporate loan processing reform [Trend of Department size\*1] (Persons) Sales Clerical Administrative **Total headcounts** Expand IT platform and reduce costs <27,914> to be reduced by **Primary** 30,000 <26,259> around 1.000 1,452 measures Spend more time on credit analysis 1,001 25,000 20,000 14.575 12.202 [Trend of clerical staffs (RB+SR)] 2012/3 2016/3 15,000 (B)-(A)(Act)(A) (Plan) (B) 10.000 Clerical 13,056 2,800 2,500 (300)11,887 5.000 staffs Clerical 0 100 70 (30)work Mar. 2016 (Plan) Mar. 2007 Mar. 2012

<sup>\*1.</sup> Total of group banks Regular employees + part time staffs + staffs seconded from other companies

### Resona Group at a Glance

**Outline of Business Results for 1H of FY2012** 

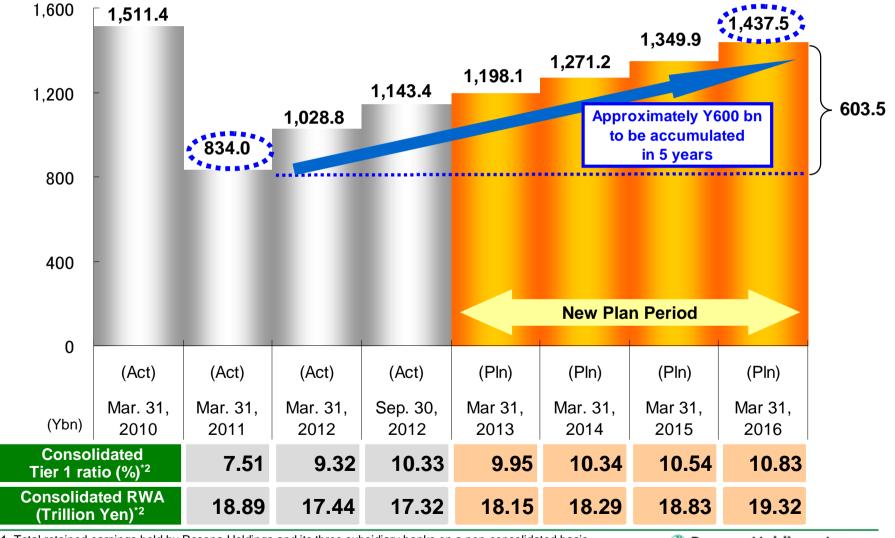
**Outline of the New Business Revitalization Plan** 

### **Direction of Future Capital Policies**

<Reference Material>

### **Accumulation of Combined Retained Earnings**

Combined retained earnings\*1 to reach Y1,437.5 bn by the end of March 2016, far exceeding Y610 bn of public fund preferred shares still outstanding



<sup>\*1.</sup> Total retained earnings held by Resona Holdings and its three subsidiary banks on a non-consolidated basis

<sup>\*2.</sup> RWA based on F-IRB under the Basel II, Japanese domestic standard. Shift to A-IRB approach is not taken into account

### **Approaches for Repaying the Remaining Public Funds**

- The balance of injected public funds was reduced to almost one fourth of the peak amount in September 2003
- Intend to repay the remaining public funds as early as possible via the following approaches

		Det	ails of P	ıblic Funds <sup>*1</sup>		
(Y bn)	Amount 2003/9 (A)	Amount 2012/9 (B)	Amount Repaid (B) - (A)	Policy and approaches for future repayment		
Class C	60.0	60.0	-	The increase in outstanding common shares upon mandatory		
Class F	100.0	100.0	-	conversion is expected to be minimal, since almost equivalent shares that could arise from mandatory conversion of Class C and F preferred stocks have already been repurchased from		
RCC Subtotal	868.0	160.0	(708.0)	the market and are being held as treasury shares		
Class 1	550.0	-	(550.0)	<ul> <li>Intend to repay the remaining balance through further accumulation of profits (retained earnings)</li> </ul>		
Class 2	563.5	<u>-</u>	(563.5)	<ul> <li>Aiming for full repayment within 5 years given current profit trends</li> </ul>		
Class 3	550.0	450.0	(100.0)	<ul> <li>However, the timing of future repayments will take into account capital adequacy regulations, etc. and will be</li> </ul>		
DIC Subtotal	1,663.5	450.0	(1,213.5)	<ul> <li>executed in an appropriate and flexible manner</li> <li>Combined retained earnings as of Sep. 30, 2012: Y1,143.4 bn</li> </ul>		
Total Preferred	2,531.5	610.0	(1,921.5)			
Common Stock	296.4	261.6	(34.7)	<ul> <li>Current priority is on repayment of DIC preferred stock</li> <li>No current plans to apply for a secondary offering of DIC-held common stock</li> </ul>		
Total Public Funds Remaining	3,128.0	871.6	(2,256.3)			

<sup>\*1</sup> Figures reflect initial invested amounts

### Resona Group at a Glance

**Outline of Business Results for 1H of FY2012** 

**Outline of the New Business Revitalization Plan** 

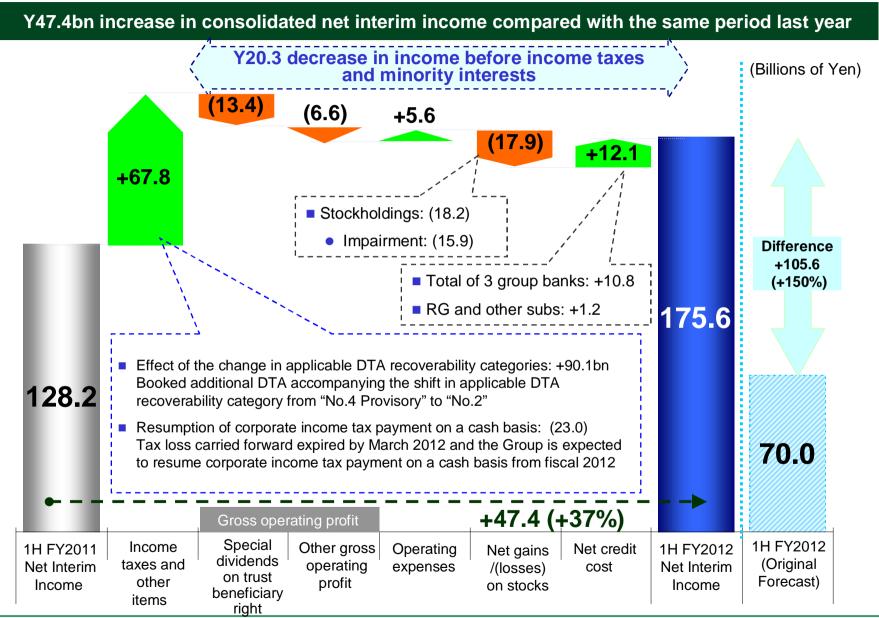
**Direction of Future Capital Policies** 

<Reference Material>

### **Data of Business Results for 1H of FY2012**

Reference Material

### **Factors Accounting for the Change in Consolidated Net Interim Income**



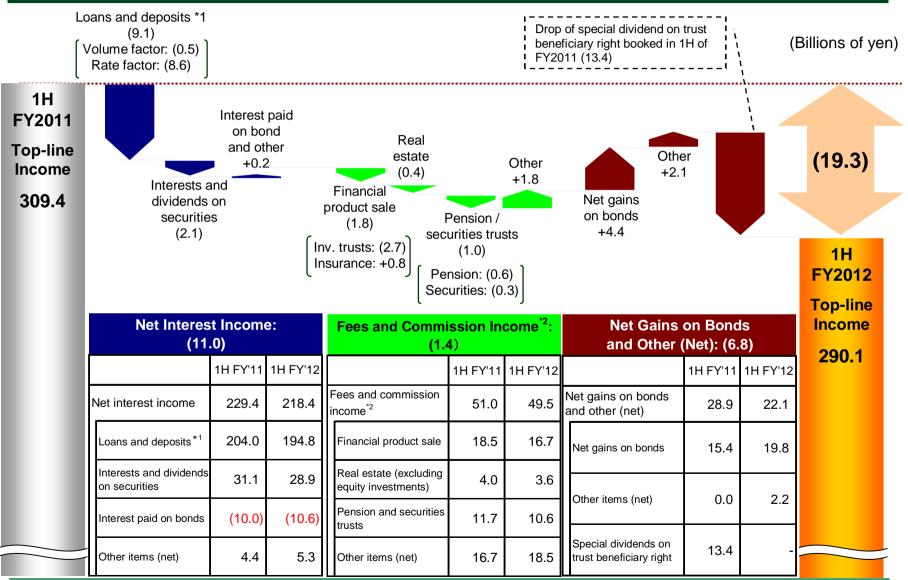
## **Outline of Financial Results for 1H of FY2012**

(Billions of Yen)

									(Billions of Yen)
	Resona Ho	ldings		Total of 3 g	roup banks				Factors accounting for the
	(Consolidat	ed)	Difference	(Non-conso	olidated)	Resona	Saitama	Kinki Osaka	difference(A)-(B) (Approx. figures) RC: Resona Card
	(A)	YoY change	(A)—(B)	(B)	YoY change	Resona	Resona	Kinki Osaka	RG: Resona Guarantee
Gross operating profit	317.7	(20.1)	+27.6	290.1	(19.3)	193.0	70.9	26.1	
Net interest income	223.0	(11.3)	+4.6	218.4	(11.0)	135.2	61.8	21.2	RC 1.8 bn and other
Income from loans and deposits				194.8	(9.1)	122.0	53.4	19.4	Domestic operations: Banking account, deposits include NCDs
Trust fees	10.6	(1.6)	(0.0)	10.6	(1.6)	10.6	-	_	
Fees and commission income	61.3	(0.5)	+22.4	38.9	+0.1	27.8	7.7	3.3	RG 14.5 bn, RC 7.2 bn and other
Other operating income	22.6	(6.6)	+0.5	22.1	(6.8)	19.2	1.3	1.4	
Actual net operating profit				123.7	(15.6)	84.2	33.1	6.3	Actual net operating profit: net operating profit before NPL disposal in the trust account and before provision to general reserve for possible loan losses
Operating expenses (including non-recurring items)	(175.8)	+5.6	(8.8)	(166.9)	+4.8	(108.0)	(38.5)	(20.3)	RC (5.8) bn, RG (1.6) bn and other
Net gains/(losses) on stocks	(17.6)	(17.9)	+0.2	(17.8)	(18.2)	(17.0)	0.0	(0.8)	
Credit related expenses, net	5.3	+12.1	(5.9)	11.2	+10.8	13.0	1.0	(2.8)	RG (2.6) bn, RC (1.7) bn and other
Other gains/(losses), net	5.1	(0.0)	+0.5	4.5	+0.2	4.5	0.3	(0.3)	
Income before income taxes	134.7	(20.3)	+13.6	121.1	(21.5)	85.4	33.9	1.7	
Income taxes and other	40.9	+67.8	+1.3	39.5	+59.9	49.4	(9.0)	(0.9)	Minority interests in net income (1.2) bn, Income tax of RHD and other 2.6 bn
Net interim income	175.6	+47.4	+14.9	160.6	+38.4	134.9	24.9	0.8	

# Top-line Income for 1H of FY2012 Compared with 1H of FY2011 (Total of Group Banks)

### Top-line income fell by Y5.8 bn excluding the one-off gain registered in 1H of FY2011



<sup>\*1.</sup> Domestic operations (Deposits include NCDs) \*2. Fees and commission income plus trust fees

## **Management Accounting by Business Lines**

## **Management Accounting by Group Business Lines (1H FY2012)**

■ "RAROC" and "RVA"\*1 as management indicators to measure profitability to allocated capital

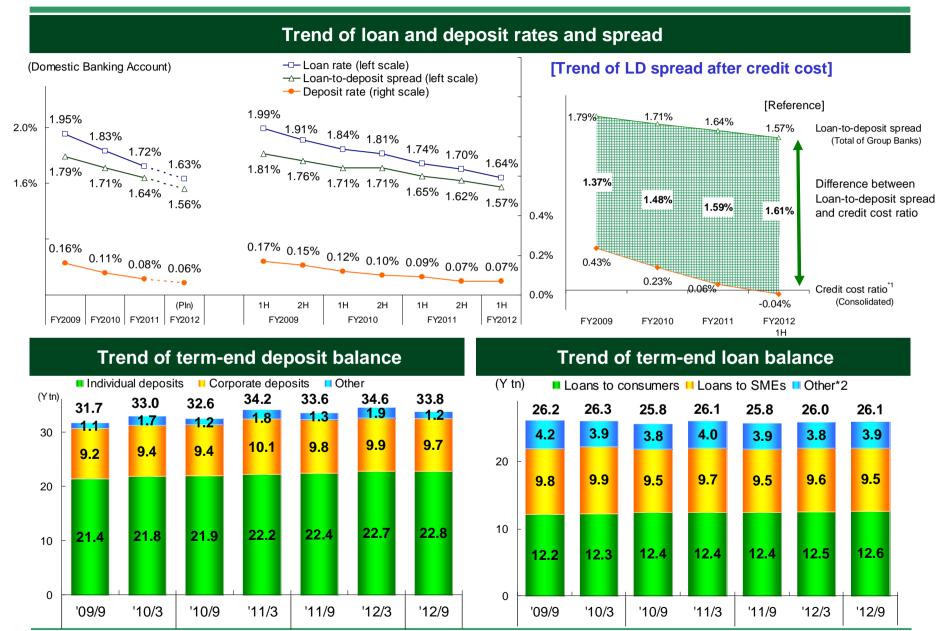
(Billions of Yen, %)

			Profi	tability		Soundness	Net ope	ating	orofit afte	er a de	ductio	n of cr	edit co	st		Í
В	Resona Group Business Segments		Net profit after a deduction of cost on capital Risk-adjusted return or capital		Cost to income ratio	Internal			Actual net operating profit					Credit cost		
		RVA <sup>*1</sup> (Actual)	YoY Change	RAROC (Actual)	OHR	CAR		YoY Change		YoY Change	Gross op profit	erating YoY Change	Operating expense	YoY Change		YoY Change
ľ	Non-treasury	67.0	+5.8	14.2%	60.5%	10.4%	115.6	+3.3	107.2	(9.9)	271.2	(13.3)	(163.9)	+3.3	8.4	+13.3
	Personal Banking	29.3	+0.7	22.1%	68.2%	10.3%	40.1	(0.5)	40.9	(3.6)	128.6	(5.1)	(87.7)	+1.5	(8.0)	+3.1
	Corporate Banking	33.6	+5.8	11.3%	52.8%	10.4%	71.2	+4.5	62.0	(5.7)	131.3	(7.1)	(69.3)	+1.4	9.2	+10.2
	Trust	4.2	(0.7)	193.8%	61.7%	10.6%	4.3	(0.7)	4.3	(0.7)	11.3	(1.2)	(7.0)	+0.5	-	-
	Treasury	28.9	+3.7	47.1%	10.9%	24.5%	33.0	+4.5	33.0	+4.5	37.1	+4.0	(4.0)	+0.5	-	_
	Γotal <sup>*2</sup>	79.2	(2.0)	13.0%	54.8%	13.6%	146.9	(1.1)	138.6	(14.4)	306.5	(18.3)	(168.0)	+3.9	8.4	+13.3

<sup>\*1</sup> RVA: Resona Value Added (Net profit after a deduction of cost on internally allocated capital)

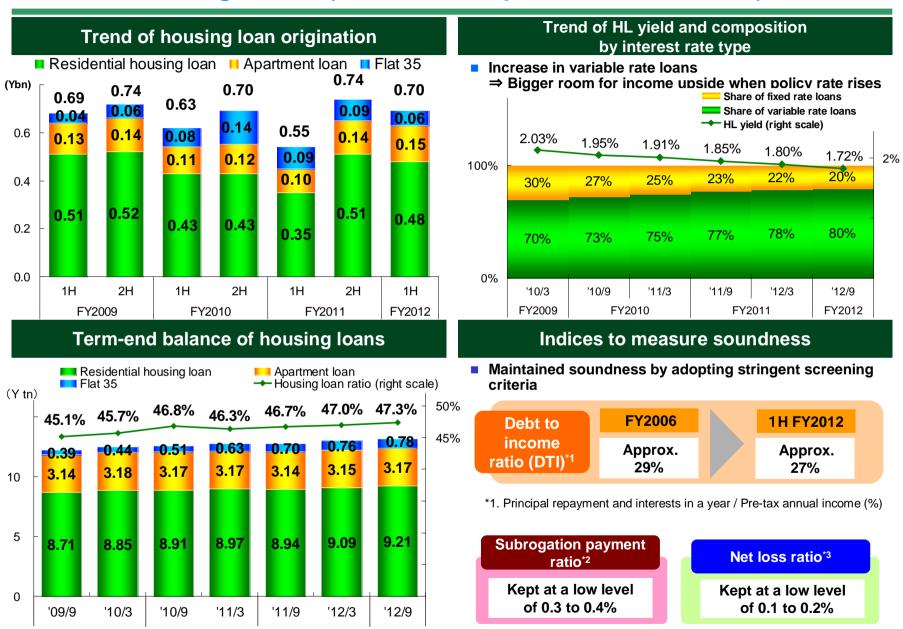
<sup>\*2</sup> Total of 3 banks on a non-consolidated basis plus profit and loss of loan guarantee subsidiaries

## Trend of Loan and Deposit (Total of Group Banks, 1H FY2012)



<sup>\*1.</sup> Credit cost / (loans + acceptances and guarantees), Simple average of the balance at the beginning and end of the year, Annual basis \*2. Include the loan extended to Resona Holdings (Y0.27 trillion as of 2011/3 and 2011/9, Y0.24 trillion as of 2012/3 and 2012/9)

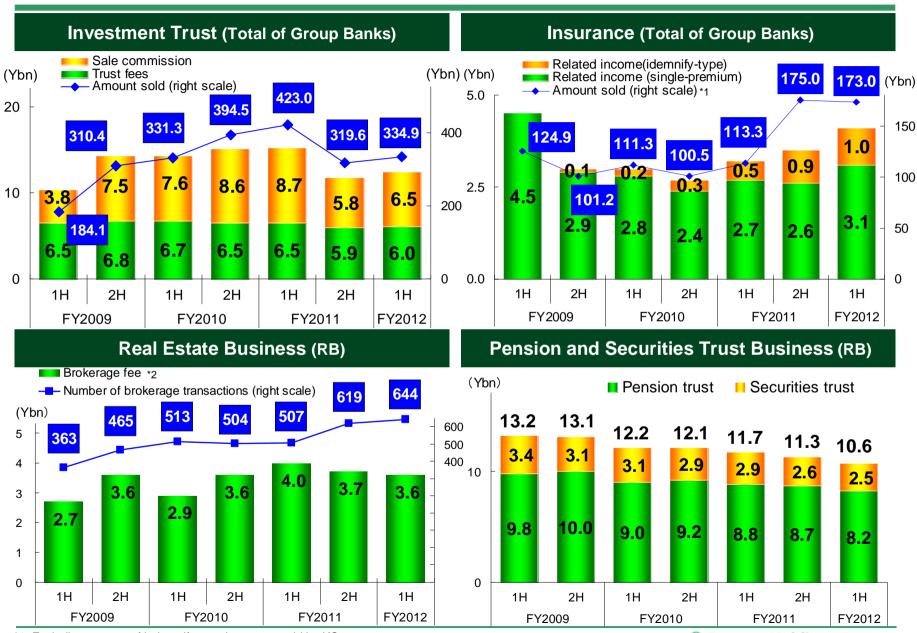
## **Trend of Housing Loans (Total of Group Banks, 1H FY2012)**



<sup>\*2.</sup> Rate of subrogation repayment by loan guarantee subsidiaries

<sup>\*3.</sup> Subrogation ratio x (1 – collection rate after subrogation)

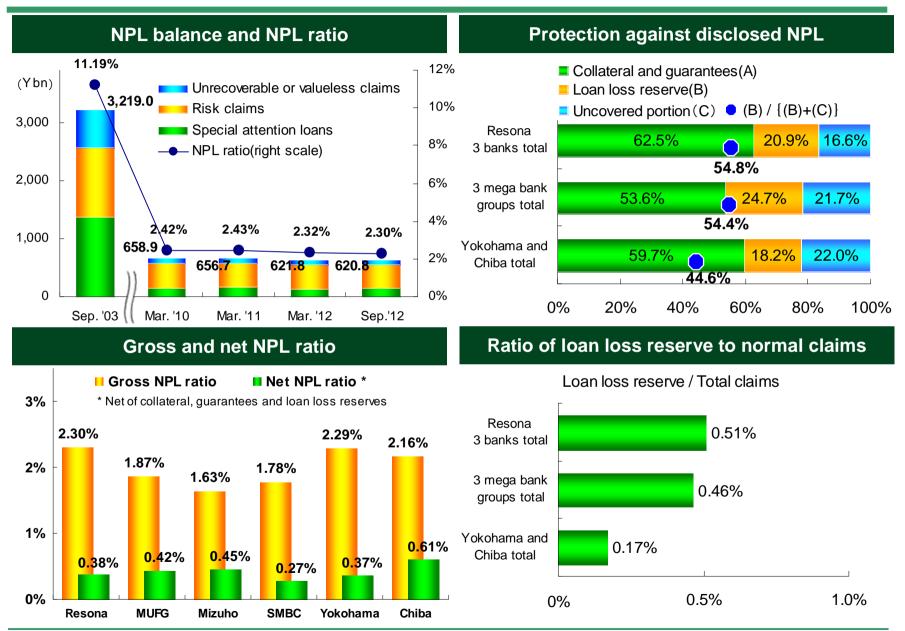
## **Trend of Major Fee Businesses (1H FY2012)**



<sup>\*1.</sup> Excluding amount of indemnify-type insurance sold by KO

<sup>\*2.</sup> Excluding gains from investments in real estate fund

## **Credit Costs and NPL (1H FY2012)**



## **Securities Portfolio (1) (RHD Consolidated, 1H FY2012)**

#### Securities portfolio with reduced downside risks

#### ■ Trend of Securities Portfolio

								(Y bn)
		Mar.'03		Mar.'07		Mar.'11	Mar.'12	Sep.'12
Av	ailable-for-sale securities*1	6,005.1		6,396.5		8,153.4	9,158.7	8,256.8
	Stocks (1)	1,319.0		390.4		351.8	342.5	320.2
	Bonds	4,433.0		4,951.7		7,530.0	8,451.0	7,548.0
	JGBs	3,811.0		3,927.6	A	6,337.8	7,393.3	6,404.3
	Average duration (years)			1.2	7	2.1	2.4	2.6
	Local government bonds	159.8	<b>'</b>	311.5	<b>,</b>	150.4	183.5	201.4
	Corporate bonds	462.2		712.5		1,041.7	874.1	942.3
	Other	253.0	(2)	1,054.4		271.5	365.1	388.5
	Foreign securities	112.6		244.0		98.6	237.6	245.3
Ur	realized gains/(losses)	(25.8)		432.9		92.8	131.9	112.2

Bonds held to maturity *2	2.5	(3)	148.4	1,667.9	2,060.6	2,181.2
Unrealized gains/(losses)	0.0		(0.3)	24.5	49.6	66.0

<sup>\*1.</sup> Acquisition cost basis

#### [Factors for the changes]

(1) Significant reduction during the Intensive Revitalization Period

(2) Unwound net investment position in response to poor market visibility

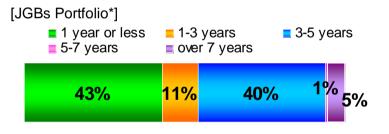
(3) Increased bonds held to maturity to secure stable income

#### Stocks

- Balance of stocks declined by Y22.3bn in 1H of FY2012 (Impairment loss: 17.0bn, Sale: Y5.3bn)
- Reduced relationship-purpose stock holdings by approx. Y1 trillion on an acquisition cost basis from the level in March 2003
- Continue efforts to reduce the balance further

#### JGB

- Average duration : 2.6 years\*, BPV: Y1.68 bn\*
- Balance of floating-rate JGBs: Y241.1 bn



- Other (Total of group banks)
  - Foreign securities include Y180.7 bn of U.S. treasuries
  - No direct exposures to GIIPS countries Indirect exposure is also minimal
  - Securitized products: Y166.1 bn
  - All securitized products held were organized in Japan and 97% of them are backed by housing loans originated in Japan

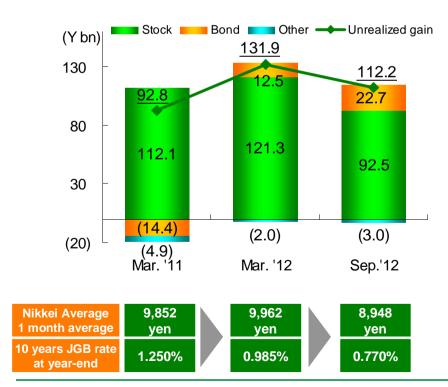
<sup>\*2.</sup> Balance sheet amount basis

<sup>\*</sup> JGBs held as "available-for-sale securities" (Total of group banks)

## **Securities Portfolio (2) (RHD Consolidated, 1H FY2012)**

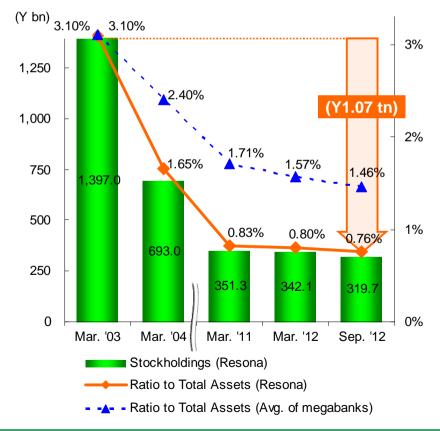
# Net unrealized gain (loss) on marketable securities available for sale

- Net unrealized gain as of Sep. 30, 2012: Y112.2 bn
- Floating-rate JGB consistently marked to market prices
  - Net unrealized loss on floating-rate JGB: Y0.5 bn
  - [Reference]
     Net unrealized gain based on theoretical prices computed for an administrative purpose: Y3.7 bn
- Net unrealized gain (loss)



#### Ratio of stockholdings to total assets

- Break-even Nikkei Average : Approx. 7,100 yen
- β vis-à-vis Nikkei Average : Approx. 0.8
- Stockholdings (acquisition cost) to total assets: 0.76%
- Historical stockholdings to total assets



## **Distributable Profits and Dividend Policy (1H FY2012)**

## Resona Holdings (Distributable Profits as of Sep. 30, 2012: Y414.8 bn)

Term-end dividends Common Y89.7 bn Y17.8 bn Common Y7.4 bn Common for FY2011 Preferred Y3.1 bn **Preferred** Preferred Y0.4 bn Saitama Resona Kinki Osaka Resona Bank **Bank** Bank **Distributable Profits** Y553.1 bn Y119.0 bn Y41.0 bn (End of Mar. 2012) **Net Interim Income** Y134.9 bn Y24.9 bn Y0.8 bn for 1H of FY2011 CAR Consolidated: 14.04% Consolidated: 14.16% Non-consolidated: 13.01% (Tier 1 Ratio) (10.33%)(8.78%)(9.41%)(Sep. 30, 2012)

#### Dividend to be paid by subsidiary banks to Resona Holdings

- Subsidiary banks secured sufficient distributable profits as of March 31, 2012
- In principle, net income of the preceding year to be fully distributed to the holding company in the following fiscal year (50% as term-end and 50% as interim dividends)

## **Consolidated Subsidiaries and Affiliated Companies (1H FY2012)**

Consolidated domestic subsidiaries (excluding subsidiary banks)

(Billions of Yen)

				Net Income	
Name	Line of business	Capital contribution ratio	FY2012 1H	YoY change	FY2011 1H
Resona Guarantee Co., Ltd.	Credit guarantee (Mainly mortgage loan)	Resona Group 100%	12.5	8.8	3.7
Daiwa Guarantee Co., Ltd.	Credit guarantee (Mainly mortgage loan)	Resona Group 100%	0.7	0.3	0.4
Kinki Osaka Shinyo Hosho Co., Ltd.	Credit guarantee (Mainly mortgage loan)	Resona Group 100%	0.7	0.3	0.4
Resona Card Co., Ltd.	Credit card Credit guarantee	Resona Holdings 77.6% Credit Saison 22.4%	0.7	(0.1)	0.9
Resona Kessai Service Co., Ltd.	Factoring	Resona Holdings 100%	0.3	0.0	0.3
Resona Research Institute Co., Ltd.	Business consulting service	Resona Holdings 100%	0.0	0.0	0.0
Resona Capital Co., Ltd.	Venture capital	Resona Holdings 100%	0.2	0.2	(0.0)
Resona Business Service Co., Ltd.	Clerical work Temporary staffing	Resona Holdings 100%	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Total		15.4	9.5	5.9

Major consolidated overseas subsidiaries

			Net Income					
Name	Line of business	Capital contribution ratio	FY2012 1H	YoY change	FY2011 1H			
P.T. Bank Resona Perdania	Banking business (Indonesia)	Resona Group 43.4% (Effective control approach)	1.0	(0.0)	1.0			
P.T. Resona Indonesia Finance	Leasing business (Indonesia)	Resona Group 100%	0.0	0.0	0.0			
	Total	1.1	(0.0)	1.1				

Affiliated company accounted for by the equity method

				Net Income		
Name	Line of business	Capital contribution ratio	FY2012 1H	YoY change	FY2011 1H	
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd.	Banking and Trust	Resona Group 33.3% Sumitomo Mitsui Trust HD 66.6%	0.5	0.1	0.3	

## Earnings Forecasts for FY2012 (Released on November 9, 2012)

(Billions of yen)

		Resona Holdings (Consolidated)						
	1H FY'12 (Actual)	Full year forecast	Change from original forecast	Change from previous year				
Consolidated ordinary profit	135.0	220.0	-	(54.8)				
Net (interim) income	175.6	230.0	+90.0	(23.6)				

Forecast of capital adequacy ratio

Upper half of 13%

		sona Holdi n-consolida	U				
	1H FY'12 Full year Change from Original Forecast forecast Change from Original Forecast Forecast Change from Original Forecast Forecast Forecast Change from Original Forecast Forecast Forecast Change from Original Forecast Forec						
Operating income	121.9	243.0	-	+84.7			
Operating profit	118.4	235.0	-	+84.2			
Ordinary profit	118.7	235.0	-	+83.9			
Net (interim) income	118.7	235.0	-	+83.9			

Forecast for term-end per share dividend on common stock	12 yen
Forecast for term-end per share dividend on preferred stock	As pre-determined

		of 3 group prox. figu			Reson	Resona Bank			Saitama Resona Bank			Kinki Osaka Bank		
	1H FY'12 (Actual)	Full year forecast	Change from original forecast	Change from previous year		Change from original forecast	Change from previous year	Full year forecast	Change from original forecast	Change from previous year	Full year forecast	Change from original forecast	Change from previous year	
Gross operating profit	290.1	572.0	(5.0)	(26.6)	381.0	-	(22.1)	142.0	(4.0)	(1.5)	50.0	(0.5)	(1.9)	
Operating expenses	(166.3)	(338.0)	+1.0	+0.8	(222.0)	-	+0.6	(76.5)	+0.5	(0.9)	(40.0)	+0.5	+0.5	
Actual net operating profit	123.7	234.0	(4.0)	(25.7)	159.0	-	(21.5)	65.5	(3.5)	(2.3)	10.0	-	(1.4)	
Ordinary profit	121.4	198.0	-	(46.1)	136.0	-	(43.2)	60.5	-	(1.1)	1.5	-	(1.6)	
Income before income taxes	121.1	197.0	-	(45.6)	135.0	-	(43.4)	60.0	-	(1.3)	1.5	-	(1.4)	
Net (interim) income	160.6	215.0	+85.0	(24.4)	(Resona G	roup adopts	a consolida	ated taxation	system.)					
Net gains/(losses) on stocks	(17.8)	(18.0)	(18.0)	(20.2)	(17.0) (17.0) (18.1) - (0.9) (1.0) (1.0) (1.1)							(1.1)		
Credit related expenses	11.2	(20.0)	+22.0	(15.6)	(10.0)	+17.0	(16.0)	(3.0)	+4.0	+1.3	(7.0)	+1.0	(0.9)	
					`oncolidate	-11	TN I	consolida	الم ماء	- 10	oncolidate	11	·	

Forecast of capital adequacy ratio

[Consolidated]

Middle
of 12%

[Non-consolidated]
Upper half
of 11%

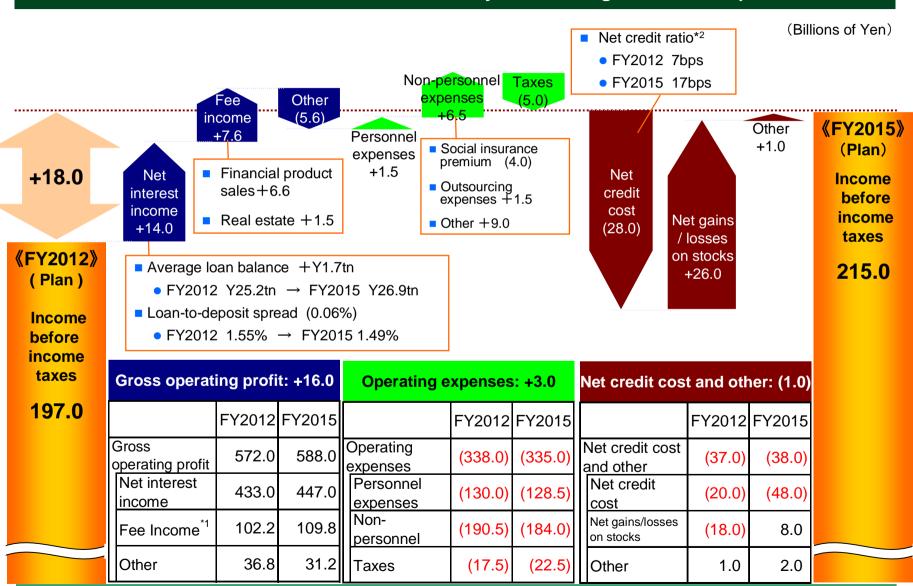
[Consolidated]
Upper half
of 12%

## **Other Detailed Materials**

Reference Material

# Change in Income before Income Taxes during the New Plan Period (Total of Group Banks)

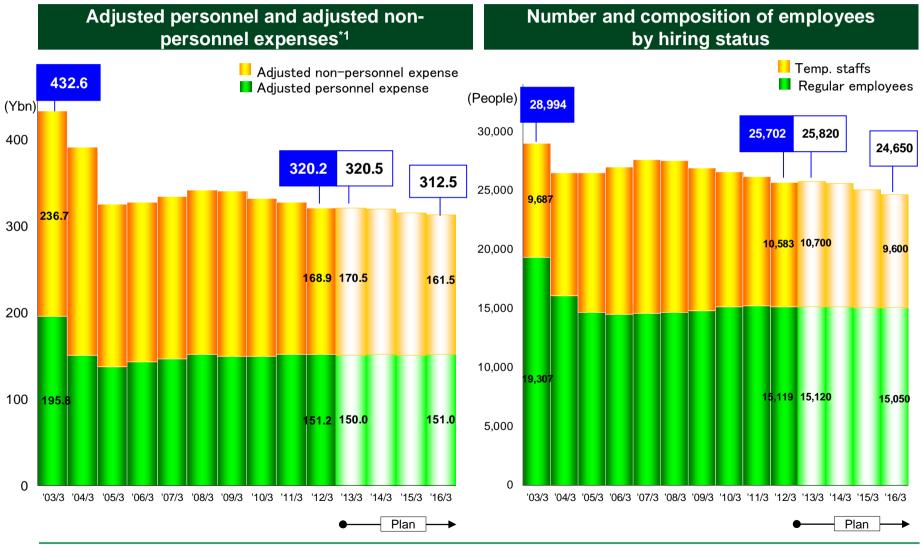
#### Income before income taxes to increase by Y18.0 during the New Plan period



<sup>\*1.</sup> Fees and commission income plus trust fees \*2. Credit costs, net / Total credits (term-end balance)

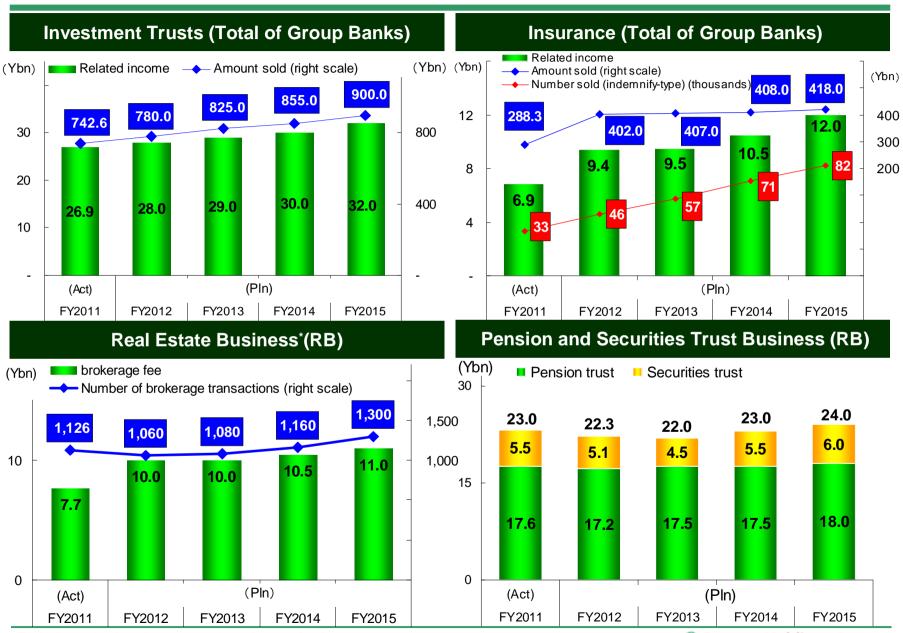
# **Efficient Cost Structure: Personnel and Non-Personnel Expense** (Total of Group Banks)

- Unavoidable increase in operating expenses including social insurance premium will be offset by continued efforts to reduce non-personnel expenses
- Strictly controlled personnel expenses including the cost associated with hiring temporary staffs



<sup>\*1</sup> Adjusted personnel expenses: Personnel expenses including the cost associated with hiring temporary staffs and other related costs Adjusted non-personnel expenses: Non-personnel expenses – Cost associated with hiring temporary staffs and other related costs

## **New Business Revitalization Plan: Major Fee Businesses**



<sup>\*</sup> Excluding gains from investments in real estate funds

## **Business Revitalization Plan**

(Total of Group Banks)

(Total of Gloup Bariko)					
	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
(Billions of Yen)	(Actual)	(Plan)	(Plan)	(Plan)	(Plan)
Gross operating profit	598.6	572.0	563.0	568.0	588.0
Trust fees	23.4	21.7	22.4	22.9	23.8
Jointly Operated Designated Money Trust	3.1	2.5	3.0	3.1	3.8
NPL disposal in the trust account	0.0	-	-	-	-
Interest income	513.2	485.0	481.0	485.0	533.0
Interest expense	59.1	52.0	51.0	51.0	86.0
Net fees & commissions	73.4	80.5	79.0	82.5	86.0
Net trading income	12.1	7.7	8.5	8.5	9.9
Other operating income	35.3	29.1	23.1	20.1	21.3
Gains/(losses) on bonds	26.8	18.6	0.8	(0.1)	(1.6
Net operating profit (Before provision to general reserve and NPL disposal in the trust account)	259.7	234.0	227.0	232.0	253.0
Net operating profit	267.4	234.0	227.0	232.0	253.0
Provision to general reserve	7.6	-	-	-	-
Expenses	(338.8)	(338.0)	(336.0)	(336.0)	(335.0
Personnel expense	(130.4)	(130.0)	(129.0)	(128.0)	(128.5
Non-personnel expenses	(189.8)	(190.5)	(190.0)	(187.0)	(184.0
Disposal of NPL	(57.8)	(20.0)	(48.0)	(48.0)	(48.0
Net gain/(loss) on stocks	2.2	(18.0)	5.0	6.0	8.0
Loss on devaluation	(1.1)	(18.0)	(1.0)	-	-
Ordinary profit	244.1	198.0	192.0	193.0	216.0
Extraordinary gains	2.0	-	-	-	-
Extraordinary losses	(3.4)	(1.0)	(2.0)	(1.0)	(1.0
Income taxes - current	(1.8)	(29.0)	(44.0)	(52.0)	(68.0
Income taxes - deferred	(1.3)	47.0	(26.0)	(19.0)	(7.0
Net income/(loss)	239.4	215.0	120.0	121.0	140.0
Credit related expenses	(4.4)	(20.0)	(48.0)	(48.0)	(48.0

	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
(Billions of Yen)	(Actual)	(Plan)	(Plan)	(Plan)	(Plan)
Total assets *1	41,000.1	41,210.0	41,280.0	42,010.0	42,690.0
Loans and bills discounted	25,297.8	25,500.0	26,130.0	26,780.0	27,390.0
Securities	10,623.5	10,940.0	11,100.0	11,230.0	11,360.0
Trading assets	473.1	456.2	500.0	500.0	500.0
DTA (term-end bal.)	142.2	195.2	169.1	144.0	135.9
Total liabilities <sup>*1</sup>	39,578.1	39,590.0	39,720.0	40,450.0	41,120.0
Deposits and NCDs	34,878.9	34,710.0	34,760.0	35,160.0	35,630.0
Trading liabilities	23.5	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
DTL (term-end bal.)	-	-	-	-	-
DTL for land revaluation (term-end bal.)	23.7	23.7	23.7	23.7	23.7
Net assets <sup>*1</sup>	1,701.9	1,671.0	1,573.9	1,591.5	1,612.5
Capital stock	388.8	388.8	388.8	388.8	388.8
Capital reserve	418.8	418.8	418.8	418.8	418.8
Other capital surplus	113.7	113.7	113.7	113.7	113.7
Earned surplus reserve	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0
Retained earnings *2	599.5	577.6	483.7	485.8	505.9
Land revaluation excess	41.2	40.1	39.0	38.0	36.9
Net unrealized gains/(losses) on other securities	92.0	84.5	82.4	99.0	101.0
(Management Indicators)					
Yield on interest earning assets (A)	1.36	1.30	1.27	1.25	1.35
Interest earned on loans and bills discounted	1.72	1.61	1.54	1.50	1.62
Interest on securities	0.56	0.52	0.52	0.55	0.65
Total cost of funding (B)	1.04	1.02	1.01	0.99	1.06
Interest paid on deposits and NCDs (D)	0.08	0.07	0.06	0.05	0.13
Overall interest spread (A) - (B)	0.31	0.28	0.26	0.26	0.29
Cost-to-income ratio (OHR)	56.60	59.09	59.68	59.15	56.97

<sup>\*1.</sup> Assets and liabilities are stated in average balance. Net assets are reported in term-end balance.

<sup>\*2.</sup> Earned surplus excluding earned surplus reserve

## **Management Strategies / Capital Policies and ROE Target**

## **Management Strategies**

## **Capital Policies**

### #1 Metro Area-based Super Regional Bank

- Dual focuses ⇒ "retail" and "2 metro areas"
- Commercial bank with a trust capability
- Strong relationship with individual and SME clients

### #2 Efforts to Strengthen Cross-selling

- Cross-selling on top of the established customer base and variety of functions
- Diversification and sustainable growth of earnings

#### Efficient Cost Structure

- Consolidated group management
- Overcome high cost structure inherent in retail banking business

## #1 Preventing Dilution

- Intend to repurchase DIC preferred stock with retained earnings
  - ⇒ Conversion into common shares is not an option

#### #2 Return to Common Shareholders

- Maintain 12 yen per common share annual dividends
- Repurchase of DIC PS with retained earnings
  - ⇒ Reduced potential shares would mean an indirect return to common shareholders

### #3 Capital Adequacy Ratio Management

- Maintain adequate CAR as a domestic bank
- Take into account the International standard as a benchmark

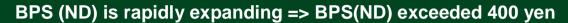
### Level of Targeted Sustainable ROE

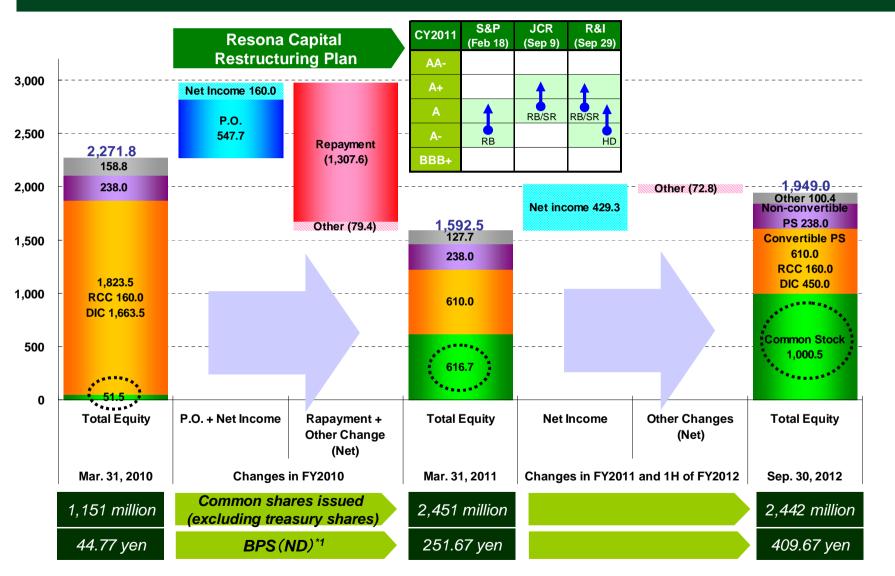
#3

#### Achieve a 10% return on CET1 on a sustainable basis

 Build earnings and capital structures that could yield a 10% return on Common Equity Tier 1 Capital on a sustainable basis

# Change in Composition of Resona HD's Total Equity (From Mar. 31, 2010 to Sep. 30, 2012)





<sup>\*1.</sup> Equity attributable to common stock at year-end / Number of common shares excluding treasury shares at year-end

## **Direction of Resona's Future Capital Policies**

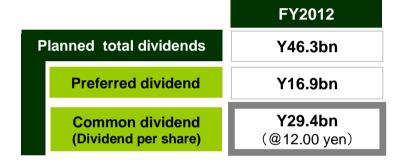
Trial Calculation

#### **Capital Adequacy Ratio Management**

- Remain subject to the Japanese domestic standard
  - However, in order to secure reliable capital strength, the Group operates its business with a high capital adequacy ratio, taking reference to the International Standard
- Intend to keep the following ratios while repayment

#### **Dividend Policy**

- Maintain 12 yen per share common dividends for the time being
- Plan to clarify dividend policy, including a target level for the dividend payout ratio, after completing the repayment of the DIC preferred shares



#### **Prevention of Dilution**

 Intend to repurchase and cancel the remaining DIC preferred stock with retained earnings. (Conversion into common shares is not an option.)

Two drivers to enhance common shareholders value Sustained EPS growth and resultant increase in BPS

Reduction of potential shares through repurchase of DIC preferred shares

#### **ROE Target**

Intend to build earnings and capital structures that could yield a 10% return on CET1 on a sustainable basis

Level of targeted Sustainable ROE Return on CET1

10% level

<sup>\*1.</sup> The presented ratios are calculated by Resona Holdings on a best effort basis in reference to the Basel III International Standard. Deduction items and unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities are not taken into account.

## **List of Preferred Shares Issued by RHD**

[As of January 31, 2013]

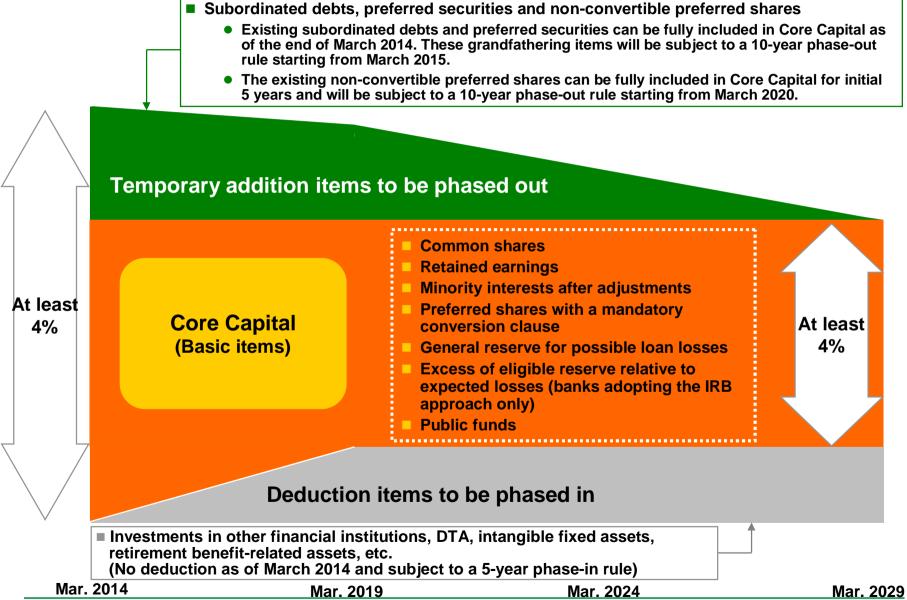
## **Public Fund**

## **Private Fund**

		Class C Preferred Shares	Class F Preferred Shares	Class 3 Preferred Shares	
Distinction between	n public and private funds	Public Fund	Public Fund	Public Fund	
Original issuer and	name of securities	Kinki Osaka Bank Series 1	Asahi Bank Series 2 Class 2	Resona Bank Class 3 Series 1	
Original issue date		4/26/2001	3/31/1999	7/1/2003	
Current number of	shares	12,000,000 shares	8,000,000 shares	225,000,000 shares	
Issue price per sha	re	JPY 5,000	JPY 12,500	JPY 2,000	
Total issue amount	remaining at present	JPY 60.0 Billion	JPY 100.0 Billion	JPY 450.0 Billion	
Original total issue	amount	JPY 60.0 Billion	JPY 100.0 Billion	JPY 550.0 Billion	
Shareholder		RCC	RCC	DIC	
Preferred dividend	Dividend per share (Jun. 2013)	JPY 68.00	JPY 185.00	JPY 21.04	
	Total amount of dividend (Jun. 2013)	JPY 816 Million	JPY 1,480 Million	JPY 4,734 Million	
	Yield	1.36%	1.48%	Libor (1y) + 50bp 1.052%	
Acquisition right	Acquisition period	1/1/2002 3/31/2015	7/1/2003 11/30/2014	7/1/2010 	
	Current exchange price	JPY 1,501	JPY 3,240	JPY 392	
	Current exchange rate	(3.331)	(3.858)	(5.102)	
Reset of	Date of reset	1/1	7/1	5/1	
exchange rate	Direction of reset	Upward/Downward	Upward/Downward	Upward/Downward	
	Cap exchange rate	(3.331)	(3.858)	(12.987)	
	Floor exchange rate				
	Cap exchange price				
	Floor exchange price	JPY 1,501	JPY 3,240	JPY 154	
	Start of market price calculation	45 trading days before	45 trading days before	45 trading days before	
	Calculation period	30 trading days	30 trading days	30 trading days	
Acquisition clause	Date of mandatory exchange	4/1/2015	12/1/2014	Mandatory exchange not applicable	
	Mandatory exchange rate	JPY 5,000 / Market Price	JPY 12,500 / Market Price		
	Start of market price calculation	45 trading days before	45 trading days before		
	Calculation period	30 trading days	30 trading days		
	Floor exchange price	JPY 1,667	JPY 3,598		

Class 4 Preferred Shares	Class 5 Preferred Shares	Class 6 Preferred Shares
Private Fund	Private Fund	Private Fund
Resona Holdings Class 4	Resona Holdings Class 5	Resona Holdings Class 6
8/31/2006	8/28/2007	12/8/2009
2,520,000 shares	4,000,000 shares	3,000,000 shares
JPY 25,000	JPY 25,000	JPY 25,000
JPY 63.0 Billion	JPY 100.0 Billion	JPY 75.0 Billion
JPY 63.0 Billion	JPY 100.0 Billion	JPY 75.0 Billion
Shinkin Trust Bank	Dai-ichi Life	Nippon Life Meiji Yasuda Life Daido Life
JPY 992.50	JPY 918.75	JPY 1,237.50
JPY 2,501 Million	JPY 3,675 Million	JPY 3,712 Million
3.97%	3.675%	4.950%
()	()	()
Mandatory exchange not applicable Acquisition clause exercisable under certain conditions at the issuer's option after seven years affter issue date	Mandatory exchange not applicable Acquisition clause exercisable under certain conditions at the issuer's option after seven years affter issue date	Mandatory exchange not applicable Acquisition clause exercisable under certain conditions at the issuer's option after seven years after issue date

# Outline of the New Domestic Capital Regulation (Based on the Proposed Notification Announced in December 2012)



## **Next-generation Branch Office and "Re-styled Office"**



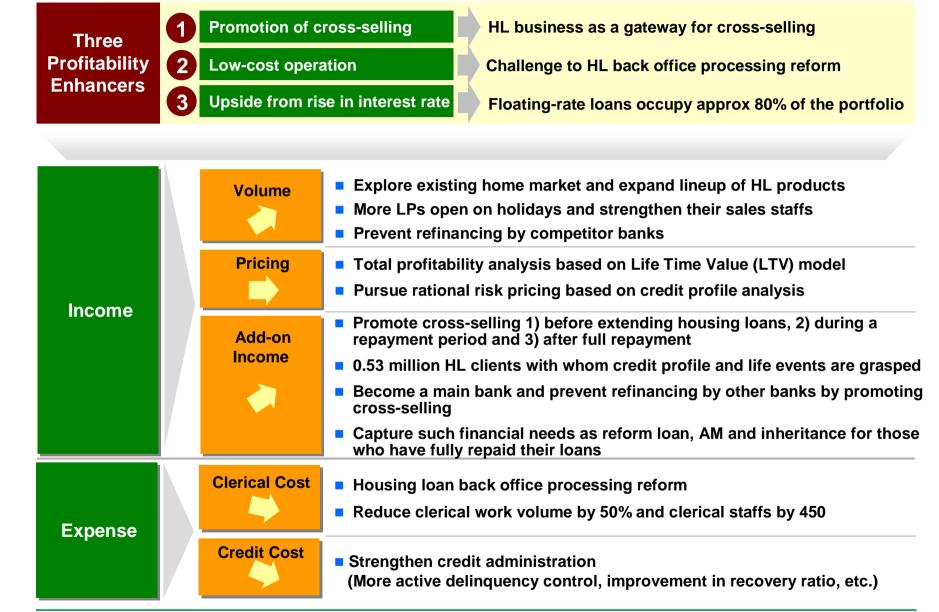
- Started introduction in FY2005
   RB and SR completed the renovations of almost all branch offices
- Transformed the former clerical work space into a space for customers (transaction and consultation)
  - Clerical work shifted to Support Offices
     (Branch office = Place for sales activities)
  - Quick-Navi handles routine transactions

## Further strengthen focus on sales activities

- RB started renovating its small-scale branch offices as "Re-styled Office" in Sep. 2011.
- Renovate around 50 offices as "Re-styled Office"
  - Fewer clerical work staffs
     (before) 3 clerical staffs
     (after) 2 clerical staffs and 1 sales staff
  - Processing style based on Resona's "3 NOs & 3 LESSes" concept
  - Clearer focus on sales activities



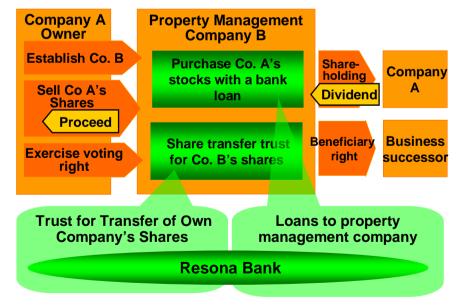
## **Measures to Keep and Restore Profitability of HL Business**



## **Examples: How We Try to Originate Loans to Premier Customers**

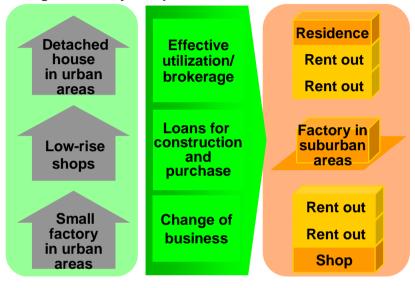
## Solutions for SME owners to prepare cash for estate division in the future

- Establish a property management company and sell it the shares of his/her company to obtain cash
   Also establish a share transfer trust for the property management company
  - Gift the trust beneficiary right from which voting rights are detached to intended business successors
  - Obtain profits as a company founder and secure cash for future property division
  - Eliminate the risk of rising share value at a time of future inheritance

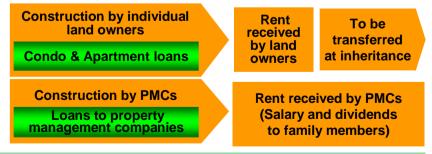


#### Solutions for Effective Utilization of Real Estate

Reconstruction needs stemming from aging degradation, changes in family composition and location environment



 Customers can flexibly decide who will borrow for construction based on their prioritized needs



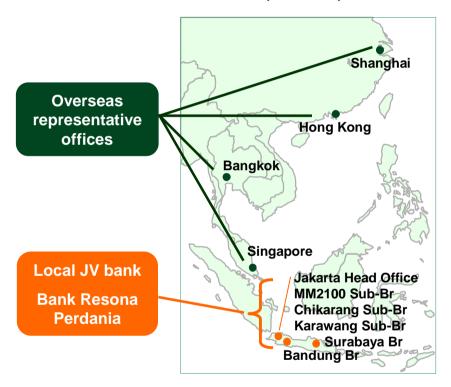
Loans newly extended to "Premier" customers

FY2011 (Act) Y401.5bn => FY2015 Y606.0 bn

## Supports Extended to SMEs to Do Business in Asia

#### Resona's Footholds in Asia

- Overseas representative offices (RB) ··· 4 rep offices
- JV bank with over 50 years of local experience
  - P.T. Bank Resona Perdania (Indonesia)



- Additional regional coverage to offer local information
  - Vietnam (RB: Mar. 2011)
    - ⇒ Dispatched personnel to Ho Chi Minh Branch of an alliance partner bank
  - India (RB: New Delhi, KO: Chennai, Oct. 2011)
     ⇒ Dispatched personnel to JETRO's local offices

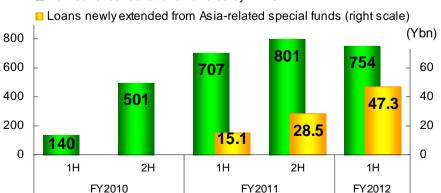
#### **Local Services Offered through Alliances**

- Large number of branches and local expertise
- Ability to provide local service without being regulated as a foreign bank

Major Alliance Partners in Asia					
China	Bank of East Asia, Bank of China, China Construction Bank, Industrial and Commercial Bank of China,				
Cillia	Bank of Communications				
Hong Kong					
	Korea Exchange Bank				
Taiwan	Mega International Commercial Bank				
	Bank of East Asia				
Singapore					
Malaysia	Public Bank				
Thailand,	Bangkok Bank				
Vietnam					
India	State Bank of India				
Philippines	Rizal Commercial Banking Corp.				

## **Consultations and loans provided**

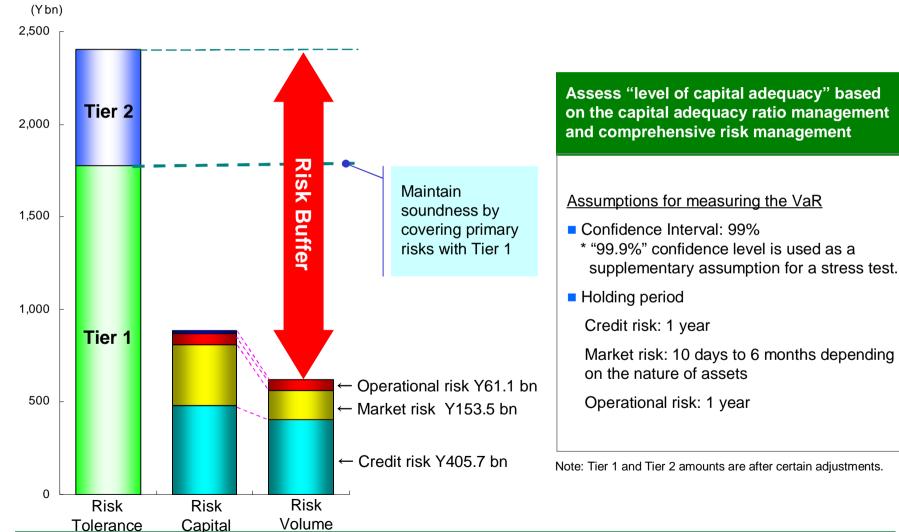
- Consultations handled by ABPC\* on a high level
- Loans extended from Asia-related special funds are on the rise (total of group banks)
  - Number of consultations handled by ABPC



Resona Holdings, Inc.

## **Risk Volume Relative to Capital (End of September 2012)**

- Primary risks such as credit, market and operational risks are controlled within Tier 1 limit
- Risk buffers comprising of excess Tier 1 and Tier 2 are provided against the risk volume assumed under a stress scenario or the risks difficult to measure.



# Sophistication in ALM Interest Rate Risk Management: (Introduction of Internal Model to Measure Core Liquidity Deposits)

### Reassess the value of liquidity deposits

Internal model to measure core liquidity deposits

⇒ Grasp more properly how much liquidity deposits can be regarded as low-cost and stable funding over the long term

#### Combined Balance Sheet (RB + SR + KO) (As of Sep. 30, 2012)

Loans and bills discounted Y26.1 tn (62%)	Liquidity deposits Y20.0 tn (48%)  Core liquidity deposits (X%)		
Securities Y10.5 tn (25%)	Time and other deposits Y12.0 tn(28%)		
Cash Y2.5 tn (6%)	Other Y8.4 tn (20%)		
Other Y3.0 tn (7%)	Net assets Y1.7 tn (4%)		

Combined total assets: Y42.2 tn

More sophisticated

ALM interest rate risk management

## **Methods to measure core liquidity deposits**

# Before implementation of internal model < Standardized method> (FSA's bank supervision quideline)

- Introduced the idea of core liquidity deposits in FY2007
- Balance: the smallest of the following
  - 1. Lowest balance for the past 5 years
  - 2. Current balance less maximum annual outflow observed in the past 5 years
  - 3. Current balance x 50%
- Maturity allocated evenly over 5 years (2.5 years on average)

#### Internal model

- RB and SR adopted in Apr.2010, KO in Oct.2010
- Rationally modeled depositors' behaviors to grasp how much can be regarded as core liquidity deposits
- Maturity allocated evenly over <u>10 years</u> (5 years on average)
- Longer maturity applicable to core liquidity deposits (from 2.5 years to 5.0 years on average) enables the banks to take longer-term interest rate risk

## **Securities Portfolio (Total of Group Banks)**

#### Maturity ladder for securities held (securities with contractual maturities, nominal amount basis)

(Y bn)

End of Sep. 2012				End of Mar. 2012										
	One year or less	One to three years	Three to five years	Five to seven years	Seven to ten years	Over ten years	Total	One year or less	One to three years	Three to five years	Five to seven years	Seven to ten years	Over ten years	Total
Bonds held to maturity	187.4	170.5	376.2	602.5	839.7	3.0	2,179.4	30.3	317.4	288.0	345.1	1,075.3	3.0	2,059.4
JGBs	165.0	95.0	287.3	542.5	699.7	3.0	1,792.5	-	260.0	200.0	284.3	945.2	3.0	1,692.5
Floating-rate JGBs	-	-	207.3	142.5	200.2	-	550.0	-	-	120.0	135.3	294.7	-	550.0
Japanese local government bonds	19.9	73.0	87.5	60.0	140.0	-	380.5	26.8	55.7	86.2	60.8	130.1	-	359.7
Japanese corporate bonds	2.5	2.4	1.3	0.0	-	-	6.3	3.5	1.7	1.8	0.0	•	-	7.1
Available-for-sale securities	2,721.9	1,142.7	3,117.2	318.7	468.7	117.4	7,886.8	3,004.8	1,866.9	2,868.8	424.6	487.8	141.6	8,794.8
Bonds	2,667.4	1,108.0	2,976.6	313.7	433.0	26.9	7,525.9	2,973.3	1,803.2	2,757.9	386.9	469.2	38.8	8,429.6
JGBs	2,503.0	727.2	2,549.8	242.9	352.2	10.0	6,385.1	2,796.6	1,406.0	2,430.9	335.0	387.1	20.0	7,375.6
Floating-rate JGBs	-	•	14.3	207.9	17.2	-	239.4	-	-	15.7	81.5	268.6	-	365.8
Japanese local government bonds	6.4	30.1	61.5	29.2	73.8	-	201.2	4.1	28.7	49.6	23.5	77.5	-	183.6
Japanese corporate bonds	157.9	350.6	365.3	41.6	7.0	16.9	939.5	172.6	368.5	277.3	28.4	4.5	18.8	870.3
Other	54.5	34.6	140.5	4.9	35.6	90.4	360.8	31.4	63.7	110.9	37.6	18.6	102.8	365.2

## **Unrealized gains/(losses)**

(Y bn)

				(1 011)
			Unrealized	
	B/S Amount ( Sep. '12)	Change from Mar. '12	ara!ma/	Change from Mar. '12
Bonds held to maturity	2,181.2	120.5	66.0	16.4
Avairable-for-sale securities	8,366.2	(922.5)	111.9	(19.6)
Stocks	411.9	(51.2)	92.1	(28.8)
Bonds	7,570.7	(892.7)	22.7	10.1
Other	383.5	21.4	(3.0)	(0.9)

Note: The figures reported above include securities, negotiable certificates of deposit (NCDs) included in "cash and due from banks" and a portion of "monetary claims

The presented figures only include marketable securities.

#### Trend of market and other indicators

[Duration and Basis Point Value of JGBs (Available-for-sale securities)

	2010/3	2011/3	2012/3	2012/9
Duration (year)	2.1	2.1	2.4	2.6
BPV ( Ybn)	(1.19)	(1.35)	(1.81)	(1.68)
10-year JGB yield	1.390%	1.250%	0.985%	0.770%

#### [Break-even Nikkei Average Points]

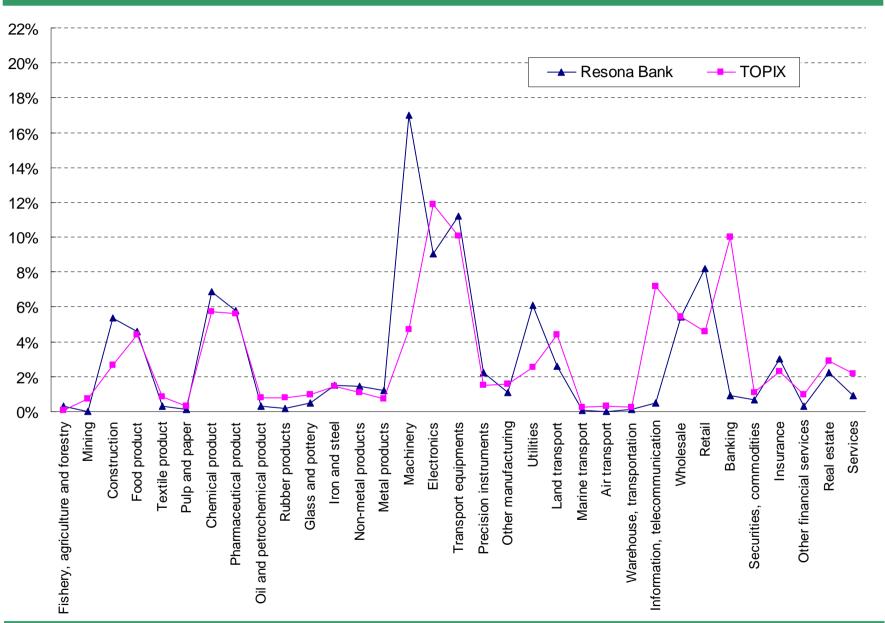
	2010/3	2011/3	2012/3	2012/9
Nikkei Average Points (Yen)	7,300	7,200	7,100	7,100
BV of stock sold outright (Ybn)	11.1	9.6	8.3	5.2

#### [Net gains/(losses) on bonds and stocks]

(Y bn)

	FY2009	FY2010	FY2011	1H FY2012
Net gains/(losses) on bonds	19.7	30.5	26.8	19.8
Net gains/(losses) on stocks	4.3	(1.7)	2.2	(17.8)

## Stocks Held by Industry (End of September 2012, RB)



## **Maturity Ladder of Deposit and Loans (RB, Domestic Operations)**

#### **Loans and Bills Discounted**

## **Deposits**

#### [End of March 2012]

	Within 6M	6 to 12M	1 to 3Y	Over 3Y	Total
Fixed rate	1.3%	1.3%	3.5%	5.6%	11.6%
Prime rate-based	52.4%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%	52.7%
Market rate-based	28.0%	2.0%	3.2%	2.5%	35.6%
Total	81.7%	3.6%	6.7%	8.1%	100.0%

Loans maturing within 1 year 85.3%

[End of September 2012]

	Within 6M	6 to 12M	1 to 3Y	Over 3Y	Total
Fixed rate	1.4%	1.1%	3.3%	5.1%	10.8%
Prime rate-based	52.9%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	52.9%
Market rate-based	28.9%	1.7%	2.9%	2.7%	36.2%
Total	83.2%	2.9%	6.2%	7.8%	100.0%

Loans maturing within 1 year 86.0%

[End of March 2012]

	Within 6M	6 to 12M	1 to 3Y	Over 3Y	Total
Liquid deposits	45.7%	1.0%	4.0%	13.7%	64.3%
Time deposits	18.2%	10.2%	6.0%	1.2%	35.7%
Total	63.8%	11.2%	10.0%	14.9%	100.0%

[End of September 2012]

	Within 6M	6 to 12M	1 to 3Y	Over 3Y	Total
Liquid deposits	44.1%	1.0%	4.1%	14.3%	63.5%
Time deposits	18.8%	10.5%	5.7%	1.5%	36.5%
Total	62.9%	11.5%	9.9%	15.7%	100.0%

#### [Change in 1H of FY2012]

	Within 6M	6 to 12M	1 to 3Y	Over 3Y	Total
Fixed rate	0.1%	-0.2%	-0.2%	-0.4%	-0.8%
Prime rate-based	0.5%	-0.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%
Market rate-based	0.9%	-0.2%	-0.3%	0.2%	0.6%
Total	1.5%	-0.7%	-0.5%	-0.3%	0.0%

Loans maturing within 1 year 0.8%

#### [Change in 1H of FY2012]

	Within 6M	6 to 12M	1 to 3Y	Over 3Y	Total
Liquid deposits	-1.5%	0.0%	0.2%	0.6%	-0.8%
Time deposits	0.6%	0.3%	-0.3%	0.2%	0.8%
Total	-1.0%	0.3%	-0.1%	0.8%	0.0%

<sup>\*1.</sup> Data compiled for a management and administration purpose

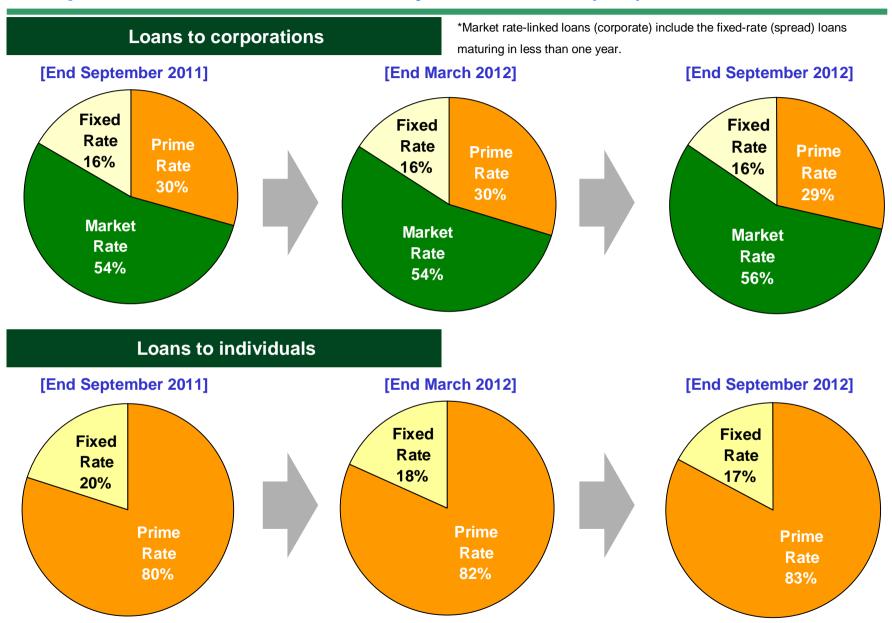
## **Swap Positions by Remaining Periods (RB)**

## ■ Notional amounts of interest rate swaps by remaining period

(Billions of Yen)

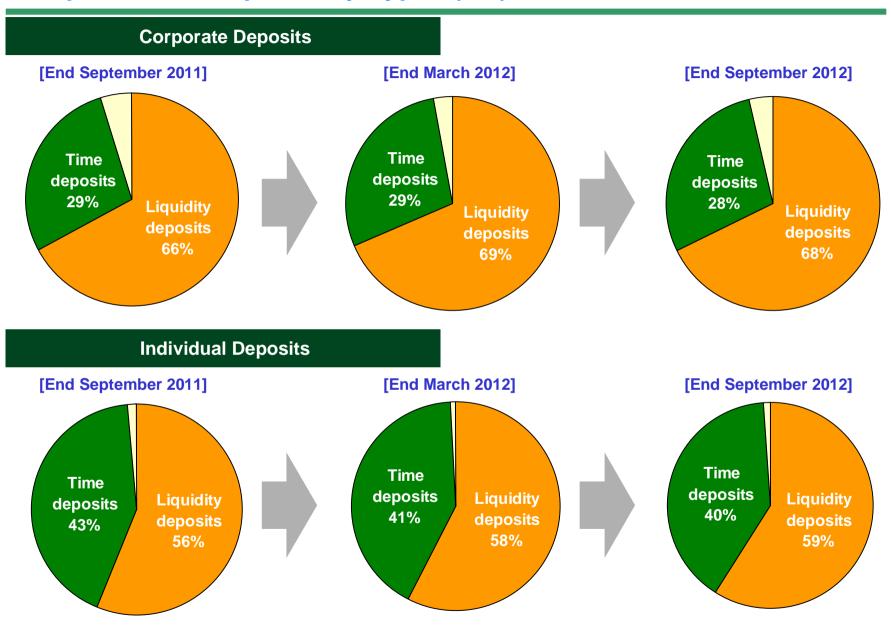
		Sep. 30	0, 2012		Mar. 31, 2012				
	Within 1 year	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total	Within 1 year	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total	
Receive fixed rate/ Pay floating rate	60.0	700.7	810.0	1,570.7	71.0	656.1	810.0	1,537.1	
Receive floating rate/ Pay fixed rate	100.7	446.9	205.0	752.6	0.0	236.1	515.0	751.1	
Net position to receive fixed rate	(40.7)	253.8	605.0	818.1	71.0	420.0	295.0	786.0	

## **Composition of Loan Portfolio by Base Rates (RB)**



<sup>\*</sup> Portfolio composition is computed based on the numbers compiled for administration purposes.

## **Composition of Deposits by Types (RB)**



## **Migrations of Borrowers (RB, 1H FY2012)**

#### Exposure amount basis (Migration during 1H of FY2012)

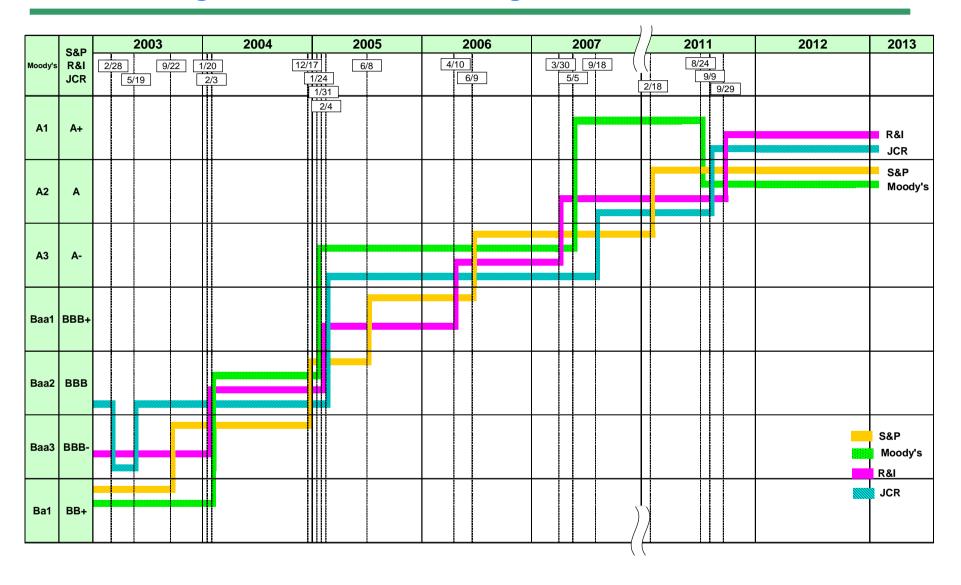
					End of	Septembe	er 2012						
		Normal	Other Special S	Quasi-	Donkmint	Other				Upward Migration	Downward Migration		
		Normal	Watch	Attention	Doubtful	Bankrupt	Bankrupt	Other	Collection, Repayments	Assignments, Sale		3	3 ***
	Normal	98.5%	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%	0.3%	0.0%		1	1.2%
2012	Other Watch	10.1%	82.2%	1.2%	2.4%	0.3%	0.1%	3.8%	3.8%	0.0%		10.1%	3.9%
March 2	Special Attention	3.0%	8.0%	76.3%	9.9%	0.4%	0.6%	1.8%	1.8%	0.0%		11.0%	10.9%
φ	Doubtful	1.2%	6.1%	7.4%	75.2%	5.7%	1.1%	3.2%	3.2%	0.0%		14.7%	6.9%
End	Quasi- Bankrupt	0.1%	0.4%	0.0%	0.2%	89.3%	2.6%	7.3%	3.3%	4.0%		0.7%	2.6%
	Bankrupt	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.9%	0.0%	91.7%	7.4%	0.9%	6.4%		0.9%	-

<sup>1.</sup> Above table shows how a borrower belonging to a particular borrower category as of the end of March 2012 migrated to a new category as of the end of September 2012.

<sup>2.</sup> Percentage points are calculated based on exposure amounts as of the end of March 2012. (New loans extended, loans partially collected or written-off during the period are not taken into account.)

<sup>3. &</sup>quot;Other" as of the end of September 2012 refers to those exposures removed from the balance sheet due to collection, repayments, assignments or sale of claims.

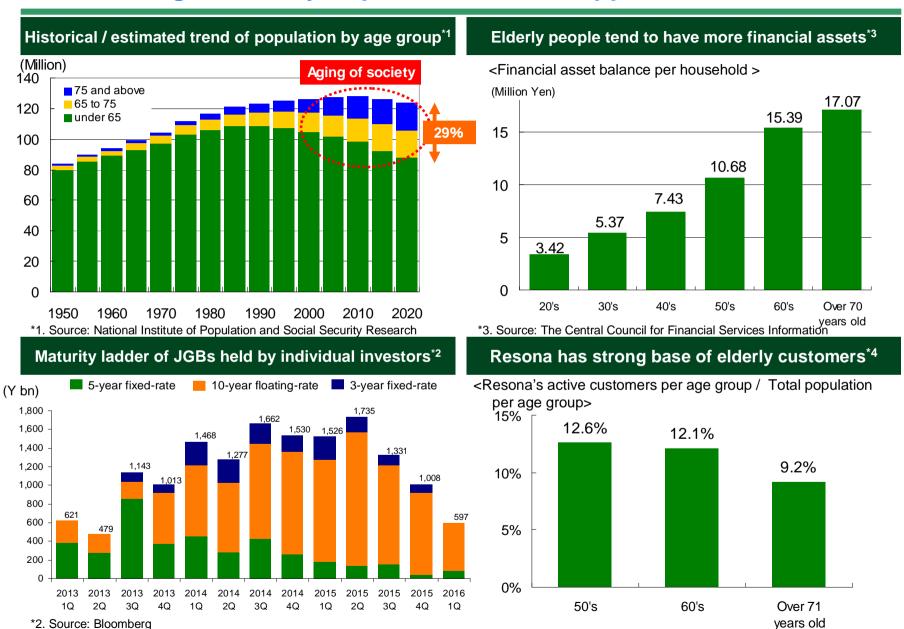
## **Trend of Long-term Senior Debt Rating of Resona Bank**



## **Macro Economic Trend**

Reference Material

## **Advent of Aged Society Expands Business Opportunities for Resona**

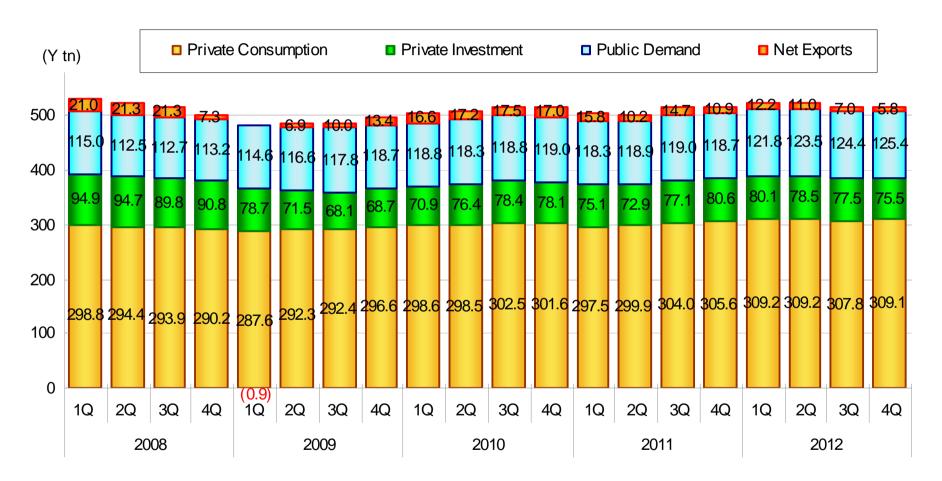


<sup>\*4.</sup> Active customers as of Mar. 31, 2012 (total of group banks)

Total population per age group from "Population Estimate" (Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications)

# **Overall Economy in Japan (1)**

#### **GDP Components**



Source: Cabinet Office

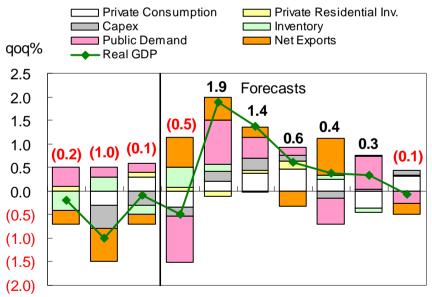
<sup>\*</sup> In real term : seasonally adjusted series

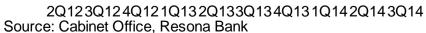
<sup>\*</sup> Private Investment: Private Residential Investment, Private Non-resi. Investment, Private Inventory

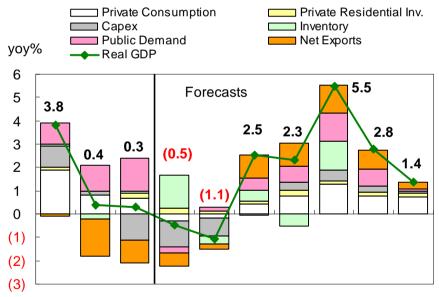
<sup>\*</sup> Public Demand: Government Consumption, Public Investment, Public Inventory

## **Japanese Economy: Forecast of Real GDP Growth Rate**

%	FY2010	FY2011	FY2012	FY2013
/0	Actual	Actual	Forecast	Forecast
GDP	3.4	0.3	1.0	2.3
Private Consumption	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.6
Private Non-Resi. Investment	0.5	0.5	(0.3)	0.0
Public Demand	0.1	0.2	0.7	0.6
Net Export	1.0	(1.0)	(0.7)	0.7



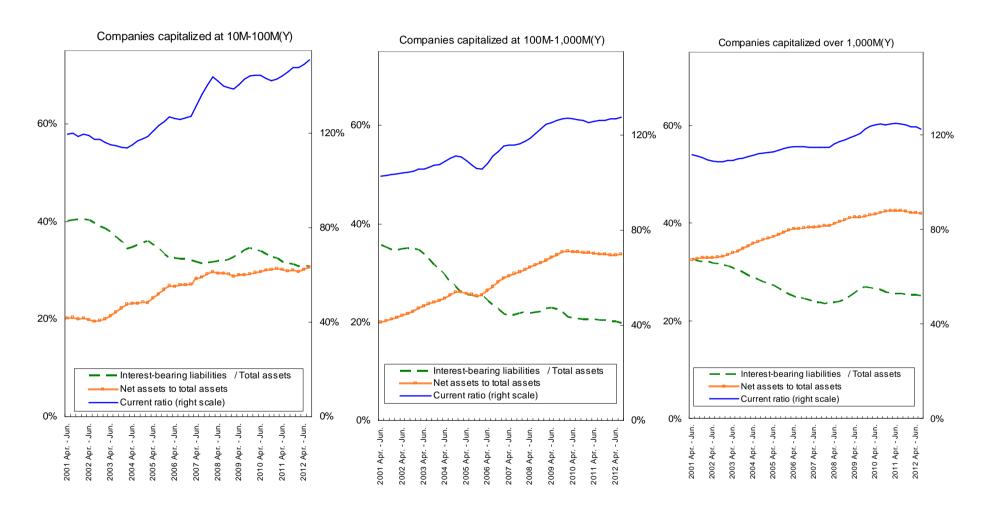




2Q12 3Q12 4Q12 1Q13 2Q13 3Q13 4Q13 1Q14 2Q14 3Q14 Source: Cabinet Office, Resona Bank

## **Overall Economy in Japan (2)**

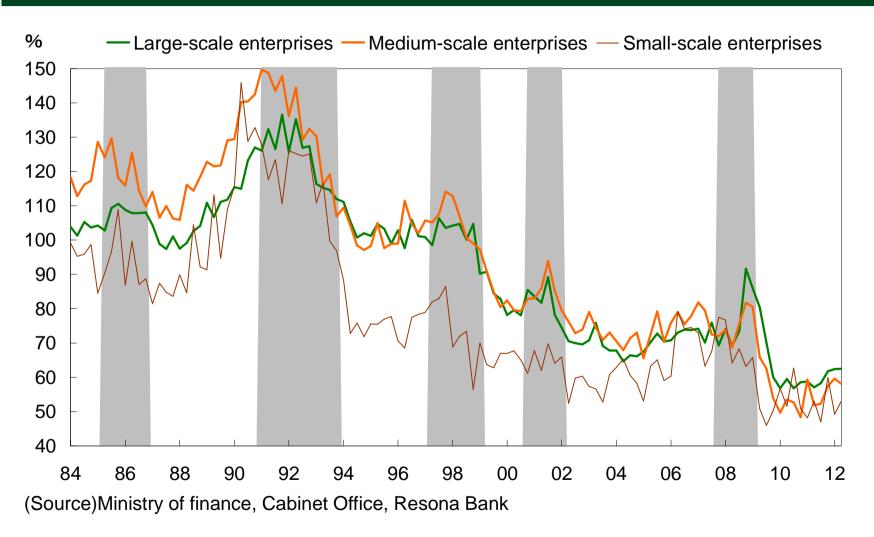
#### **Trends in Stability Ratios of Japanese Companies**



Source: Financial Statements Statistics of Corporation (4 quarter moving average) (Apr.-June, 2001- Jul.-Sep. 2012)

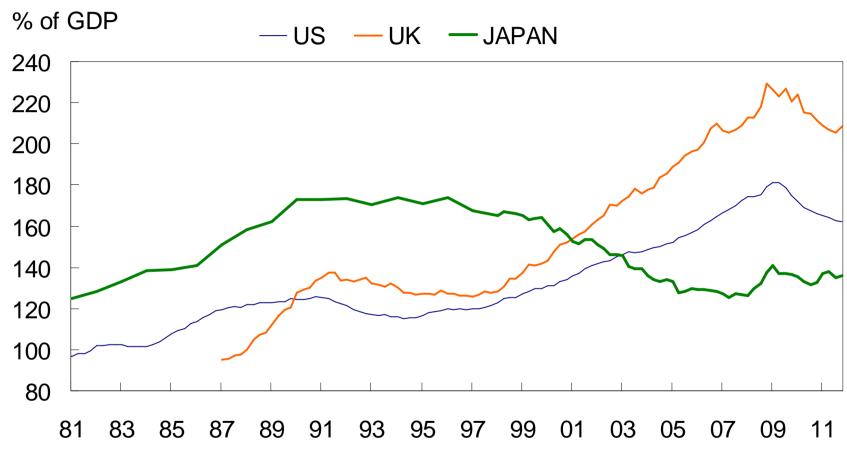
# **Overall Economy in Japan (3)**

#### **Capital investment / Cash flow**



## **Overall Economy in Japan (4)**

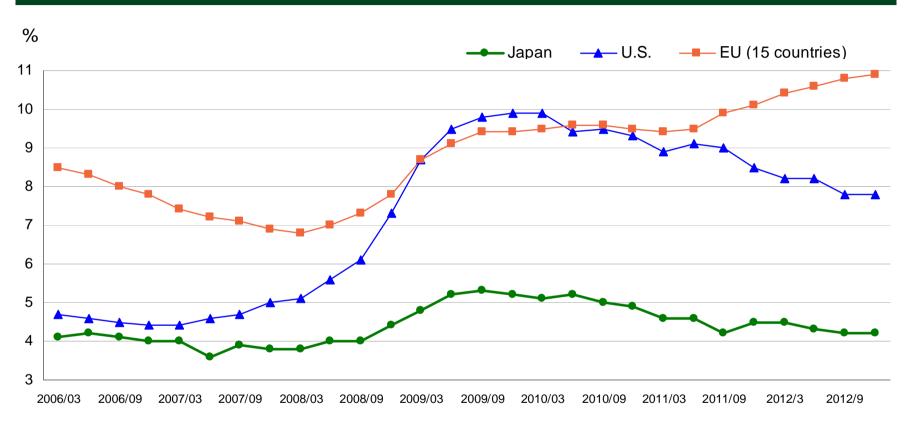
## **Comparison of Debts Held by Private Non-financial Sectors**



Source: BOJ, FRB, ONS, Resona Bank

# **Overall Economy in Japan (5)**

## **Trend of Unemployment Rate**

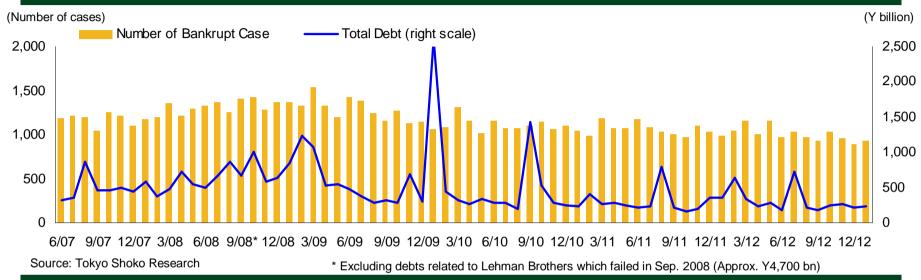


<sup>\*</sup> Excluding three prefectures of Japan (Iwate, Miyagi and Fukushima) from the result of March, 2011 to June, 2011

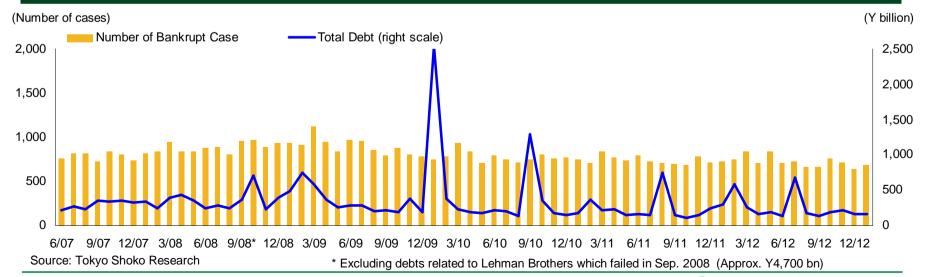
Source : DataStream

## **Overall Economy in Japan (6)**

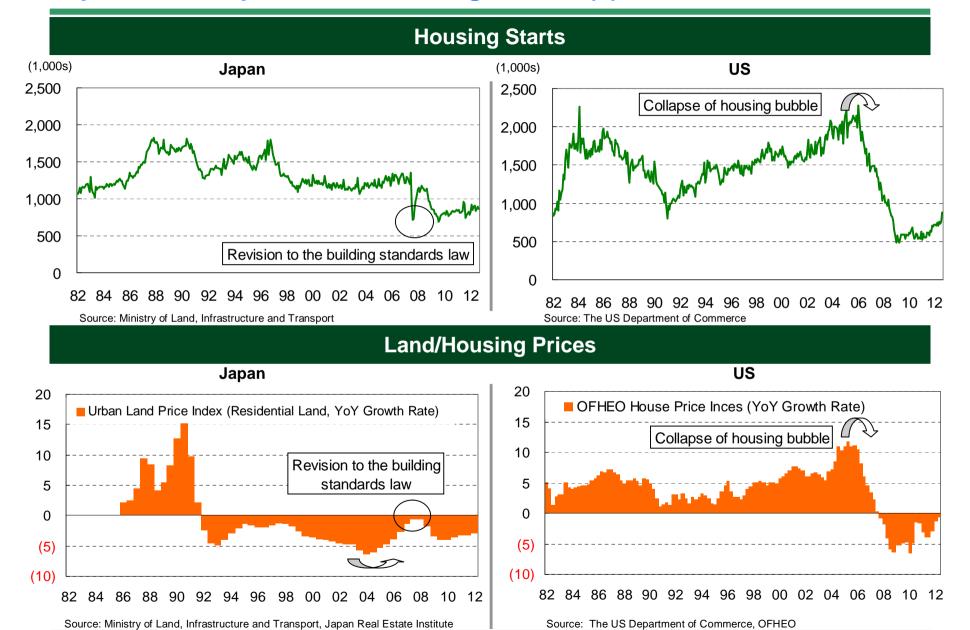
#### **Enterprise Bankruptcy (All Industries)**



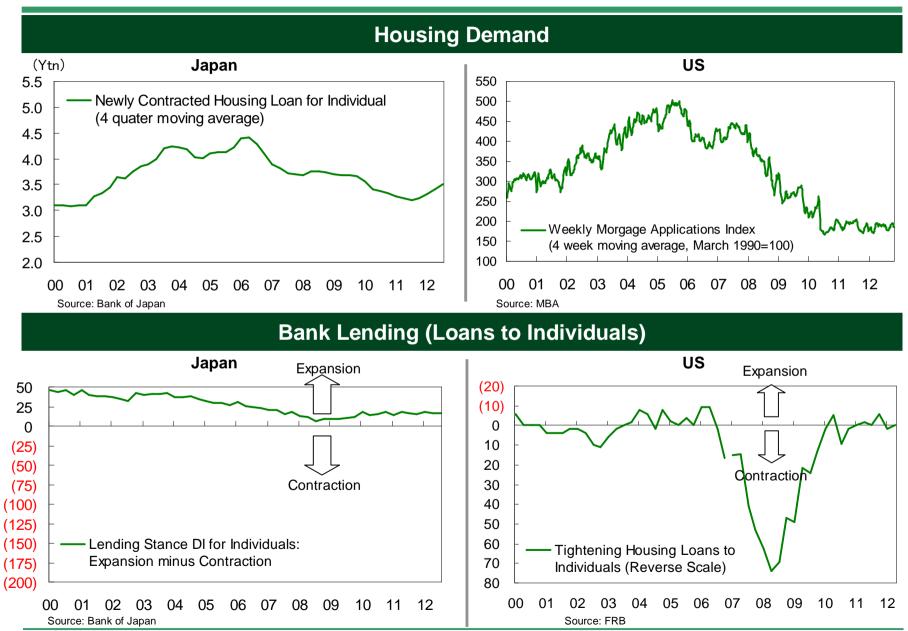
### **Enterprise Bankruptcy (excluding Construction/Real Estate Industries)**



## **Japan-US Comparison of Housing Trends (1)**



## **Japan-US Comparison of Housing Trend (2)**

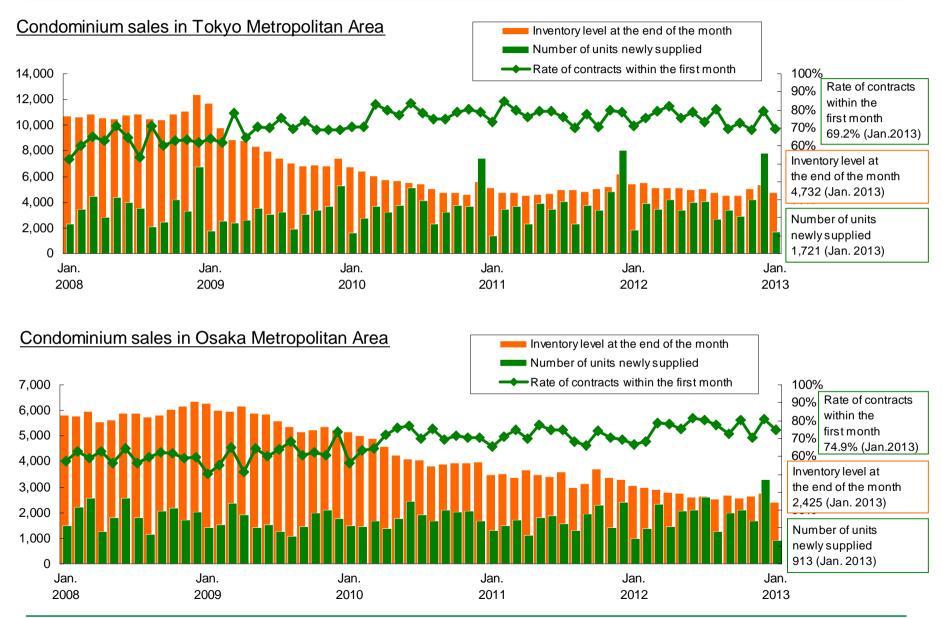


# **Japan-US Comparison of Housing Trend (3)**

## Major Difference in Housing Loan Features (Japan and the U.S.)

	Japan	U.S.	
Primary objective of purchasing home	Primarily for permanent dwelling	In many cases, for replacements	
Most important criteria for loan application screening	DTI (Debt-to-Income Ratio)	LTV (Loan-to-Value Ratio)	
Main Product Type	Recourse	Non-Recourse	
Pledged Collateral	Collateral value is mostly from land	Collateral value is mostly from building	
Sub-prime loan market	Non-existent	Expanded rapidly with rising real estate prices	

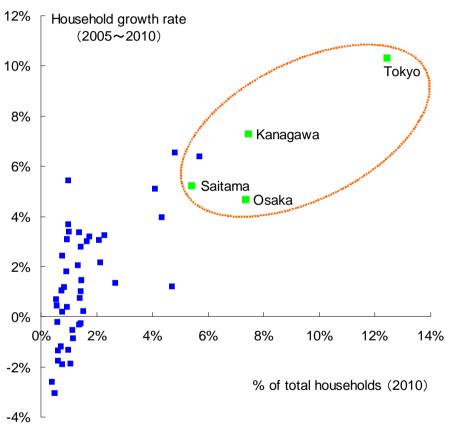
# Trend of Condominium Market in Tokyo and Osaka Metropolitan Areas

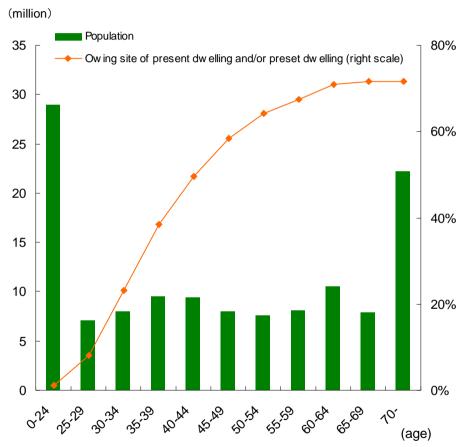


## **Potential for Housing Loan Market**

#### % of Total Households/Household Growth Rate

## Population and housing ownership rate





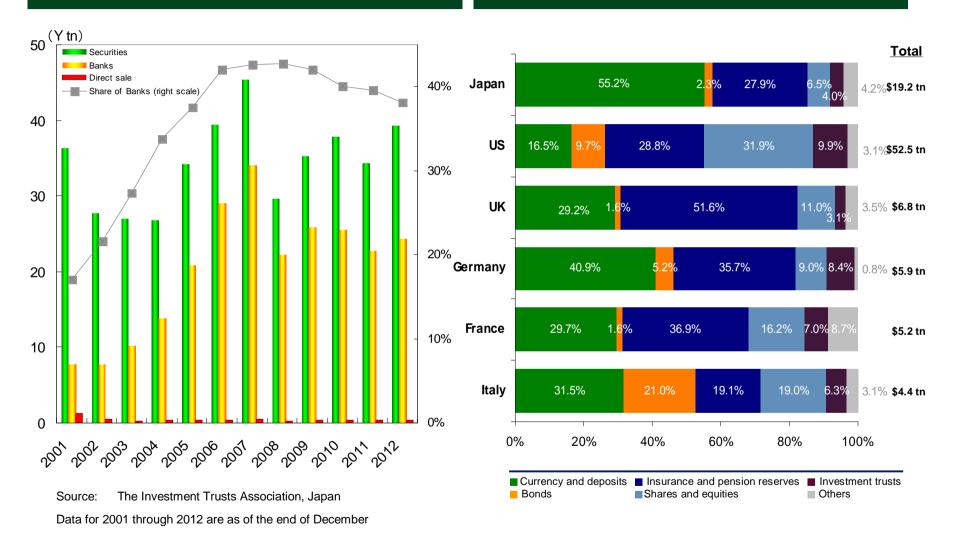
Source: Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications:
Housing & Land Survey (2008)
Population estimates as of March 1, 2012

Source: Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications: National Census

#### **Potential for Sales of Financial Products**

#### Total net assets of investment trusts

#### Breakdown of Financial Assets \*1



<sup>\*1</sup> Source: Bank of Japan "Flow of Funds" as of Mar. 2012, Federal Reserve Board "Flow of Funds Accounts" as of Jun. 2012, Office for National Statistics "United Kingdom National Accounts, The Blue Book" as of Aug. 2012, Deutsche Bundesbank "Monthly Report" as of Jun. 2012, Banque de France "Annual Financial Accounts" as of Jul. 2012, Banca d'Italia, "Supplements to the Statistical Bulletin" as of Feb. 2012

#### **Our Website Information**



The forward-looking statements contained in this presentation may be subject to material change due to the following factors.

These factors may include changes in the level of stock price in Japan, any development and change related to the government's policies, laws, business practices and their interpretation, emergence of new corporate bankruptcies, changes in the economic environment in Japan and abroad and any other factors which are beyond control of the Resona Group.

These forward-looking statements are not intended to provide any guarantees of the Group's future performance. Please also note that the actual performance may differ from these statements.